

# IDU PHRASE-BOOK

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## INTRODUCTION

The Idu Mishmis, about seven thousand in number, are one of the main tribes inhabiting the wild and rugged hills of the Lohit District of Arunachal Pradesh. They are also known as Chulikata [cropped hair] by the plains people from their distinctive hair style which is cut round the head in the Padam-Minyong fashion. The Mishmis are concentrated in the western part of the District and though they are scattered over thousands of square miles they have retained their linguistic homogeneity, without any script. Dialectical variations are very slight except in the case of the Mi-thun section. They are individualistic and a village may consist of only two houses but their houses are very long and can accommodate many persons. They excel in weaving and make beautiful designs on cloth.

This language guide is intended for the persons who want to stay in a Idu village and work among them. It is expected that one will be able to carry on intelligent conversation in any Idu village with the help of this book though the materials have been collected mainly from Ceta village.

I am indebted to Sri I. M. Simon, Director of Research and Sri K. Dasgupta, Dy. Director of Research for their guidance in writing this book.

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## **GRAMMAR PART**

## SOUND ( APPROXIMATE )

The sounds conforming to those of Hindi ( approximately ) are given below :

### CONSONANTS :

k	କ	....kesa	—କେସା	—Beautiful
kh	ଖ	...kho	—ଖ	—Angry
g	ଗ	....gamu	—ଗମୁ	—Village chief
ng	ଙ୍ଗ	....nga	—ଙ୍ଗା	—I
c	ଚ	....ce-ga	—ଚେ-ଗା	—Cut
ch	ଛ	....pachi	—ପାଛି	—Ant
j	ଜ	....aja	—ଆଜା	—Officer
ny	ଝ	....inyi	—ନିଜି	—Sun
t	ତ	....tama	—ତାମା	—Medicine
th	ଥ	....thomo	—ଥମ	—Hornbill
d	ଦ	....de-ga	—ଦେ-ଗା	—Stand
n	ନ	....nata	—ନାତା	—Grandfather
p	ପ	....pra	—ପ୍ରା	—Good
ph	ଫ	....phu	—ଫୁ	—Pan
b	ବ	....bunyi	—ବୁଜି	—Yesterday

m	ମ	...meya	—ମେୟା	—Man
y	ଯ	... yaku	—ଯାକୁ	—Wife
r	ର	...aro	—ଆର	—Help
s(sh)	ସ	... sa	—ସା	—Mithun
l	ଲ	...lapo	—ଲାପ	—Palm
w	ବ	...wa	—ବା	—Swim

*r* is sometimes more trilled. Besides, affricates like *z* ଜ୍ଞ and *ts* ଚ୍ଛ exist in the language.

mazi	—ମାଜି	—Goat
atse-ge	—ଆତଚ୍ଛ-ଗେ	—One piece

#### VOWELS :

i	ଇ	—ilyi	—ଇଲିଯ	—Pig
e	ଏ	—eto	—ଏତ	—Fowl
a	ଆ	—a	—ଆ	—Baby/child
o	ଓ	—goso	—ଗସ	—Complaint
u	ଉ	—du	—ଦୁ	—Smoke

*o* is as in English ‘not’, *u* ଉଁ is sometimes a bit close as *o* in English ‘note’. Besides, there are three special central vowels :

í ଇଁ              ú ଉଁ              é ଏଁ

hí —Sap,    pu'di —Gold, ekobé —Mouth

Nasalization and palatalization of *l* are special features of the Idu language.

pra	—Good	ilyipra	—Bow
prā	—Salt	ilikhi	—Earth

Tone is a characteristic feature of the Idu language. Words having the same form ( spelling ) differ in meaning when pronounced in different tone.

nga	( rising )	—I
nga	( level )	—Not
me	( rising )	—New
me	( level )	—To vomit
me	( falling )	—Old
to	( level )	—Differ
to	( level )	—To pull
inyi	( rising )	—We
inyi	( level )	—Sun
inyi	( falling )	—Day

Care must be taken to learn the tone correctly with the help of a local speaker otherwise confusion and misunderstanding may be created.

## NOUN

### NUMBER :

Plurality is not a grammatical feature in Idu. When specifically required, the words

*alombrō*, *arū*, *dō* meaning ‘many’ are placed after the noun :

Singular	Plural
imu — Man	imu-alombrō imu-arū imu-dō } Men
yaku — Wife	yaku-alombrō yaku-arū yaku-dō } Wives
ilyi — Pig	ilyi-arū ilyi-dō } Pigs

But it is important to note that the third person of Personal Pronoun has a special suffix ‘*hruji*’ to make plural.

eca-hruji	—These (near)
aya-hruji	—They (for people etc referred to but absent)
ahiya-hruji	—Those (distant but at same level)

In specific quantifications no plural suffix is added.

The numbers are :

khege	—One	kapri	—Four
kanyi	—Two	manga	—Five
kasō	—Three	tahro	—Six

iũ —Seven  
illu —Eight  
khini —Nine

hũ —Ten  
malõ —Hundred.

imu kanyi —Two men  
eto tahro —Six fowls  
sa malõ —Hundred  
mithuns

inyi kaso —We three  
ilyi manga --Five pigs  
atā pū-hro —Five  
elephants.

In counting objects, however, the number is not directly linked to the word qualified but through a classifier denoting the nature of the object—Shape, size etc.

The classificatory particles are :

bra —For bead, potato etc.  
dõ —For house, deer, pig, snake etc.  
ala —For cloth  
pra —For leaves  
tõ —for canes and bamboos  
bõ —for trees  
po —for packets and necklace when made up of a bunch of beads.  
bru —for necklace and banana  
pū —for elephants, gourds, papaya etc.

ge-si-bra-khege —One potato  
potato one  
ō-dõ manga —Five houses  
house five

asina-pra	tahro	—Six leaves
leave	six	
angi-tō	khini	—Nine bamboos
laka-tō	kanyi	—Two canes
cane	two	
laka-tō	tō-nyi	
asimbō	bō-iū	—Seven trees
tree	seven	
lekepo	po-so	—Three bunches of beads
ampo	po-anyi-hū	—Twenty packets of rice
packet	twenty	
ajibru	bru-kapri	—Four bananas
banana	four	
azibru	bru-hū	—Ten bangles
bangle	ten	
awepū	pū-malō	—Hundred gourds
gourd	hundred	
atā	pū-manga-hū	—Fifty elephants
elephant	fifty	

#### GENDER :

There is no grammatical gender in Idu.  
The two sexes are however distinguished :

(a) by different words in case of human beings.

naba—Father,	nani—Mother
meya — man/male	yaku — wife/female

(b) by suffixing *arō* or *ari* for female and *kru* for female in case of animals.

macu- <i>ari/arō</i>	Bull,	macu- <i>kru</i>	Cow
iku- <i>ari/arō</i>	Dog,	iku- <i>kru</i>	Bitch
maco- <i>arō</i>	—He deer,	maco- <i>kru</i>	She deer

In case of mithuns, *ba* is suffixed to denote male instead of *arō* or *ari*

sa- <i>ba</i>	Bull mithun,	sa- <i>kru</i>	Cow mithun
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(c) Birds have a special suffix *ala* for males :

eto- <i>ala</i>	—Cock	eto- <i>kru</i>	—Hen
prakaya- <i>ala</i>	—Crow	prakaya- <i>kru</i>	Female crow

(d) Females of animals that have not had any young take the suffix *api/apipō* and birds *ecē* :

ilyi <i>api/apipō</i>	—Sow ( not yet littered )
macu- <i>api/apipō</i>	—Cow ( not yet calved )
eto- <i>ecē</i>	—Hen ( not yet brooded )

Idu has special names for animals and birds of domestic use indicating different stages of life.

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Note : ‘phendo’ and ‘kaci’ is used to indicate large size in animals and birds respectively.

(a) For mithuns ( sa po thru )

alō-manga	—stage of five months
alō-hro	— „ „ six „
alō-iū	— „ „ seven „
alō-illu	— „ „ eight „
alō-khini	— „ „ nine „
alō-hū	— „ „ ten „
alō-holo-ke	— „ „ eleven „
alō-holo-nyi	— „ „ twelve „
alō-holo-so	— „ „ thirteen „
alō-holo-pri	— „ „ fourteen „
alō-holo-ma	— „ „ fifteen „
alō-holo-hro	— „ „ sixteen „
alō-holo-iū	— „ „ seventeen „
alō-holo-illu	— „ „ eighteen „
inyi goti	— to denote the largest size when further growth stops

(b) For pigs ( ilyi po-thru )

lajo yē	—stage of one or two months
atha gí yē	—equivalent in cost to a medium basketful of commodities or stage of three months
ambō gí-nyi-bru yē	—equivalent in cost to two basketful of maize or four months approximately

eka gí-nyi-bru yē	—equivalent in cost to two basketful of grain like millet, or five months approximately
edoanyibru	—stage of six to seven months
ke gí-nyi-bru	—equivalent in cost to two basketful of paddy or stage of seven to eight months
edo-so-bru	—stage of nine to ten months
ke gí-(a)so-bru	—equivalent in cost to three basketful of paddy or stage of ten to eleven months
aso-lu	—stage between twelve and thirteen months approximately
kapri-lu	—stage of about two years
manga-lu	—stage of two and half years
ahro-lu	—stage of about three years
iū-lu	—stage of about four to five years
illu-lu	—stage of about five to six years
amiya/delama	—Of largest size when growth stops
(c) For fowls (eto po-thru)	
ethre-ji	—stage of about two weeks

iji-ji	—stage of about one and two months
etā-ji	—stage of about three to four months
ekō-ji	—stage of about four to five months
akhro-liba	—female birds that ready to brood
andoju-liba	—male birds that start crowing
eto-ala	—Cock
eto-kru	—Hen
ishū-tō naba	—male fowl in which the growth of the spur stops
rumbō-u-naba	—male or female bird in which the development of bones stops

## CASE

### NOMINATIVE :

(a) The subject comes first in order in construction and generally does not take any suffix :

sindo aohali-ma ji-ga---Sindo lives at Aohali  
 Indo Aohali at lives

(b) *me* is added to the subject when the subject has already performed or is going to perform an action :

aya nga-me ye-la —I have done it.  
it I done

nga-me ba-we —I will go  
I go will

#### ACCUSATIVE :

(a) The direct as well as the indirect object have no distinctive suffix :

nga atā ha-yi —I eat rice.  
I rice eat

(b) *weya* is added to the object when the action by the subject is completed affecting an object :

jogane-me iku-weya mese-hi-ba—Jogan has  
Jogan dog killed killed the dog

#### INSTRUMENTAL :

The instrumental suffix, as denoted by 'with' in English is *ci* :

nga epā-ci asimbō pi-we—I shall cut tree  
I axe with tree cut shall with the axe.

aya ajokhe-ci thra-ga —He writes with  
He pen with writes the pen

#### COMITATIVE :

The comitatives suffix as expressed by 'with' in English is *go/brōme* :

nyu nga-go(brōme) ha —Eat with me.  
you me with

aya iku-go tarō-ga —He is playing with  
He dog with playing the dog.

#### PURPOSIVE :

*ciaba, ciabane, geba, gebane* follow the noun for the sense of purposive as indicated by 'for' in English.

eca api paku ciabane akha-la—The seed is this seed cultivation for kept kept for cultivation.

eca nyu ciaba —This is for you.  
this you for

yu nyu gebane ada-la—Rice beer is kept rice beer you for kept for you.

ahiya tambē nyu geba—That meat is for you.

maci patika-ge nga gebane ambrō-hā-ge-lo—Bring a  
water glass a me for bring glass of  
water for  
me.

#### ABLATIVE :

Dissociation as expressed by “from” in English takes the suffix *ne*, *gane* or *mane*

nga anini-ne ja —I come down  
I Anini from come down from Anini.

keloge macihu-gane ina —Keloge has come  
Keloge Machihu from come from Machihu.

nyu kajiya-mane ba-we ? —Where from will  
you where from go will you go ?

#### GENITIVE :

The genitive suffixes are *ci*, *aci*, and *maci* as denoted by ‘of’ in English.

eca sindo-ci paku —This is Sindo’s field.  
this Sindo’s field

ō-kō-kō-aci anjiyandō gi-te-(a)ba—Bring the  
house inside of article bring articles in-  
side the  
house.

assam-maci ilikhi ciru —The land of Assam  
Assam of land fertile is fertile.

Sometimes there is no suffix when the object possessed follows the possessor:

inyi sa —Our mithun.

### **LOCATIVE :**

Different suffixes are used for the location of an object.

(a) *kō* and *ma* are used to indicate the location of houses and villages.

ō-kō —At or in the house.

nga roing-ma ji-ji—I live at Roing.

## I Roing at live

ati-kō-ma —At or in the village.

The sense of "inside", "within", "into" are expressed by kōkō-ma or kō-kō-a

aya apisa-kō-kō-a/kō-kō-ma ji-gumi—He is  
he office inside sit not not inside  
the office.

*ru* is used in the sense of "on", "at" etc.

nga-ru maci      ú-lo-mi—Do not pour  
me on water      pour not water on me.  
iku-ru      o-mi —Do not shoot at the dog.  
dog at shoot not

### Note :

The third person singular takes the suffix *hruji* to denote plural number.

eca-hruji —They, these  
aya-hruji —They, those  
ahiya-hruji —They, those ( level distance )  
atuya-hruji —They, those ( up )  
amaya-hruji —They, those ( down )

## PRONOUNS

The personal pronoun has three persons—First, Second, Third and two numbers singular and plural but there is no gender distinction :

nga	—I	inyi	—We
nyu	—you	enne	—you (pl)
aya	—He, she	aya-hruji	—They

The third person has different forms for different positions or objects with reference to the speaker :

aya —For person and object not present when referred to

- eca —For person and object present when spoken about
- ahiya —For person and object far away from the speaker and present at same level
- atuya —For person and object far away from the speaker and at a distance up the hill
- amaya —For person and object present at a distance down the hill
- alōya —For person and object present in the northern side
- apiya —For person and object present at southern side.

## ADJECTIVES

Adjectives generally precede the noun qualified :

- |              |                   |
|--------------|-------------------|
| kesa andrōho | —Beautiful cloth. |
| icia mazi    | —Small goat       |
| maci cinta   | —Big river        |
| asimbō kālō  | —Tall tree        |
| khopo imu    | —Angry man        |
| rū-sa-ya iku | —Barking dog.     |

aya elyē meya-a khege —He is a bad boy  
he bad boy one

## DEMONSTRATIVE AND INTERROGATIVES :

These are actually pronouns preceding nouns.

ahiya yaku —That woman.

isuweya kitap ? —What book ?

nyu kajiyā kitap pra-ya-ndo wu-ji ?—Which book  
you which book best like do you like  
best ?

## DEGREE :

For comparative degree *mi* is added to the inferior object and *ya* to the adjective :

ahiya yaku eca-mi kesa-ya —That girl is more  
that girl this than beautiful beautiful than  
more this

mosa yaku idu yaku-mi —Adi woman knows  
Adi woman Idu woman-than how to sing better  
ase asa-ya than an Idu woman  
song know-better

For the superlative degree *kõlombõ-ma*, meaning “among”, follows the object of comparison and *yando* is suffixed to the adjective.

keba ekobé kōlombō-ma idu —Of all the language  
all speech among Idu ages the Idu  
language is the most difficult to speak

ekobé la-ngithu-yando  
speech speak-difficult-most

lata umbe meya-a kōlombō-ma —Lata Umbe is  
Lata Umbe boys among the best boy  
pra-yando among the boys  
best

## VERB

Three broad categories of action may be divided as action completed, being performed and to be performed. Different shades of meaning within the category are indicated by inserting different particles :

(a) *yi* is suffixed to the root to denote present action as denoted by present tense in English. *ga* is inserted between the root and the suffix to indicate the plural number :

nga ha-yi —I eat, inyi ha-ga-yi —We eat.  
I eat we eat  
nyu ha-yi —You eat enne ha-ga-yi —You eat  
you eat you eat

aya ha-yi —He/She eats, aya-hruji ha-ga-yi—They  
He/She eats                            they eat eat.

*la*, *hi-ba* are suffixed to the root to indicate action completed in the recent past :

nga atā ha-la —I have taken meal  
I rice eat-past

inyi atā -ha-gala —We have taken meal  
we rice eat-past

nyu atā ha-hi-ba — You have taken meal

enne atā ha-ga-hi-ba—You have taken  
meal (pl)

aya ha-hi-ba —He/She has taken  
meal

aya hruji ha-ga-hi-ba—They have taken meal

*ci* is added to denote the thoroughness of completion :

nga pra khege athu-la-ci —I saw a bird  
I bird one see-past

aya pra khege athu-hi-ba-ci—He saw a bird

sa kanyi i-ga-ci —There were two  
mithun two exist-past mithuns

eca-hruji gi-ga-ge-ba-ci —They went  
they go-past

*we* is future suffix :

nga anga re-we —I shall catch fish  
I fish catch-shall

aya ha-yi-(a)we —He will take  
he eat-shall

inyi jō-we —We shall do work  
we work-shall

For continuous action *ji*, *ji-ne-ji-ji* are suffixed to the root :

nga jō-ji —I am working

nga jō-ji ne-ji-ji  
I work-doing

*hu* is inserted between the root and future suffix *we* to indicate continuous action in future tense :

nga ha-hu-we —I shall be eating  
I eat-continuous

inyi ha-hu-ga-ji-we —We shall be eating

## IMPERATIVE

- (a) For order and command the suffix *co* is added to the root.

nga-go ekobé la-co —Talk to me  
me-with mouth speak

aguphu-ma maci ú-te ba-co—Pour water  
pot-into water pour into the pot.

- (b) For assertive request *na* is suffixed.

nga atā ha-na —Give me rice (Please)  
me rice give

paū da-na —Lend me money

- (c) For request to a familiar person *bi*, *ba* or *lo* is suffixed.

asi-pí khege nga hā-bi —Please give me  
flower a me give flower

asi-pí khege nga hā-lo  
ji-ya-ba —Please sit down  
sit

de-ge-lo —Please stand

- (d) *ge* is the indefinite imperative suffix meaning the work to be done by the person according to his convenience :

aho ahí-ge — Get the news  
news ask(get)

maci ambrō-ge — Bring water

(e) *mi* is the suffix indicating negative command :

aju-mi or ba-mi or ci-mi— Do not go

#### POTENTIALITY AND POSSIBILITY :

*pa-la-we* follows the main verb to denote the ability whereas *pa-la-we-mine* the possibility of an act :

nga agu-pa-la-we — I can go i.e. I am  
I go can able to go

nga agu-pa-la-we-mine — I may go

#### FREQUENTATIVE :

The repeated performance of an action is expressed by adding *ata-ga* to the root :

ha ata-ga-ga — Eat again and again.  
eat

iku-me rū-ata-ga-ga — The dog barks again  
dog barks and again.

Conditional construction is obtained by suffixing *yi-go* to the root.

nga roing- ba-ba-yi-go etōwe lo-ge-(a)we—If I go to  
I Roing go if cloth buy -shall Roing I  
shall buy  
a piece  
of cloth.

INDEFINITE :

Indefinite suffix is *ga* which is added to the root.

ha-ga —To eat  
na-ga —To dance

NEGATIVE :

(a) *gum*, *gumi*, *mi* and *nga* are the suffixes used to indicate the negative :

nga ha-we-gum/gumi —I shall not eat.  
I eat-shall not  
nyu ba-we-gumi-a ? —Will you not go ?  
you go-shall not

(b) *mi* or *mi-ba* is suffixed to the verb for negative Imperative :

ha-mi —Do not eat.  
eat not

kho-mi —Do not be angry.  
angry-not

nu-mi —Do not laugh.  
laugh-not

tō-mi —Do not drink.  
drink-not

ji-mi-ba —Do not sit.  
sit not

ha-mi-(a)ba—Do not eat.  
eat not

ha-mi-(a)ba—Do not give.  
give not

(d) *nga* is a negative form is used to denote complete absence or non-existence of a permanent nature.

nga paū-nga —I have no money.  
I money no

maci-akō-kā-ma maci-nga—There is no water  
well in water no in the well.

#### INTERROGATIVES :

isu-we-ya ?	—What ?
isu-we-ya-ne ?	—Why, What for ?
isi-ya, isu-ya ?	—Whom, Who ?
isu-ya-me ?	—Whom ?
kaji-hō, kaji-hōne ?	—When ?
kaji-ya, kaji-ya-ne ?	—Which ?
isu-ya-ci, isi-ya-ci ?	—Whose ?
hanu-a ?	—Where ?

kaji-ge ?	—How much, How many ?
kaji-wu-ji-ge ?	—How much ?
hanua-ne ?	—Where from ?

EXAMPLES :

nyu amu isu-we-ya la ?	—What is your name ?
you name what call	
nyu kaji-hō ba-we ?	—When will you go ?
you when go-will	
eca isu-ya ci macu ?	—Whose cow is this ?
this whose cow	
opisa alō kaji-ya ?	—Which is the road to the office ?
office road which	
amme kaji-ge hā-la ?	—How much money have you given ?
money how much given	
nyu isu-ya ala-ji ?	—Whom are you searching ?
you whom search	
hanu-a hi-we ?	—Where will you sleep ?
where sleep-will	

(b) The interrogative is also denoted by suffixes *ya/a* where no interrogative word is used in the utterance :

nyu paū akha-ji-ya ?	—Do you have money ?
you money have	
nyu yu ada-ji-ya ?	—Do you have rice
you rice-beer have	beer ?

aya doctor-ga gi-ba-ci-a ? —Did he go to the doctor ?

(c) Sometimes it is indicated by a change in the intonation pattern :

## WORDS HAVING ADVERBAL FUNCTION

Adverbs may be classified as :

### (1) ADVERBS OF PLACE :

eca-(a) , eca-ma	—Here
ahi-ma, ahiya-ma	—There
hanu-a, kajiya-ma	—Where
anu, manu	—Near
mralō	—Far
ecalō	—On the top (above)
eca-yando	—Higher place
andong-go	—Under
apōlō	—In a lower place
ekanolo	—In front of
ji-ga-mahō	—In presence of
ipindo	—Behind
kō-kō-ma	—Inside (House)
epenge	—Around
abrame	—Everywhere
rū-ma	—Under (table)

(2) ADVERBS OF TIME :

ecaca	—Now
alihō	—Then
eheya	—Before
imnta	—After
béya-mahō	—Long ago
bígeni	—Sometimes
nami	—Always
inyi-mama	—Everyday
buige	—Again
etanyi	—Today
anaya	—Tomorrow
bunyi	—Yesterday
abunyi	—To-night
buci-ya } bunyi-ya }	—Last night
ahānyi	—That day
etanu	—This year
eyanu	—Last year
ecakéya	—Yet
ecaca	—In a moment
kapíca	—In winter
kathundo	—In summar
ceko-thako	—Heavy rainy season
anujinu	—Next year
inyi	—Day
eya	—Night

(3) ADVERBS OF MANNER :

kaji	—How
------	------

aline	—Thus
dokumi	—Quickly
pipi	—Slowly, quietly
prane	—Well (Carefully)
sa, masamasa	—Gently
srumotoyi	—Suddenly
ye-prandu	—Easily
rō-prati	—Loudly
kapekape, kapekale	—Softly
nombandikhi	—Flexible
grōsāndu	—Hard
li	—Hard (bamboo)
thretahi	—Difficult to break down
tandō, paca	—Much, very
icige, icuge	—Little
paca, hali/halige	—Many

#### INTERROGATIVES :

kajihō, kajihō-ne	—When ?
isuweya buidane	—Why ?
kajige	—How much ?
hanu-a	—Where ?

Other forms also having adverbial functions.

nga—No, am—Yes, aline—So, alica—As,  
alimabu—But, cime—Perhaps.

## GENERAL

How are you ?	—nyu pra i-ji-a ?	—ଜୁ ପ୍ରା ଅଜିଆ ?
I am well	—nga pra i-ji I good live	—ଙ୍ଗା ପ୍ରା ଜି-ଜି
What is your name ?	—nyu amu isu-we-ya la ?	—ଜୁ ଆମୁ ଇସୁ- ବୈ-ଯା ଲା ?
My name is Sindo Lingi	—nga amu Sindo Lingi	—ଙ୍ଗା ଆମୁ ସିନ୍ଦୋ ଲିଙ୍ଗି
Where do you come from ?	—nyu hanu-a-ne i-ga ?	—ଜୁ ହାନୁ-ଆ-ନେ ଅଗା ?
I have come from Ziro	—nga ziro-ne i-ga	—ଙ୍ଗା ଜିର-ନେ ଅଗା
Where are you going now ?	—nyu ecaca hanu-a ago-ji ?	—ଜୁ ଅୟାଚା ହାନୁ-ଆ ଆଗୁ-ଜି ?
I am going to Shillong	—nga silong agu-ji	—ଙ୍ଗା ଶିଲ୍ଲଙ୍ଗ ଆଗୁ-ଜି
Is your father living ?	—nyu naba mo-ji-ga-a ?	—ଜୁ ନାବା ମ-ଜି-ଗା-ଆ ?
Yes, he is living.	—am, aya mo-ji-ga yes he lives	—ଆମ, ଆଯା ମ-ଜି-ଗା

Who is he ? —aya isu-we-ya jō-yi ? —आया जिसु-वे-या  
he what works जं-यि ?

He is —aya ati-kō-ci gambura—आया आंति-कं-  
Gaobura of he village of gambura चि गाम्बुरा।  
the village.

Are you —nyu nekasi-ga-a ? ---जु नेकासि-  
tired ? you tired गा-आ ?

I am tired. —nga nekasi-ga  
I tired

I am not —nga nekasi-ga-mi/  
tired. I tire no  
nekasi-ga-gum/  
tire not  
nekasi-ga-gumi.  
tire not

Sit down, —ji-(a)ba, ci-ca-ga-ci —जि (आ) बा,  
let us talk. sit down talk let चि-चा-गा-चि।

Father —naba —नाबा

Mother —nani —नानी

Elder brother —aromo apiya —आरम आपिया

Elder sister —athi apiya —आथि आपिया

Younger brother —aromo aliya —आरम आलिया

Husband —ici —अिचि

Wife	—yaku, ya	—याकु, या
Boy	—meya-a, a-meya	—मेया-आ, आ-मेया
Son, child	—a-meya, a	—आ-मेया, आ
Grand son	—ayi-a meya	—आयि-आ मेया
Grand daughter	—ayi-a miyā	—आयि-आ मिया
Girl, daughter	—yaku-a, ayā	—याकु-आ, आया
Family	—anyasi, anyame	—आजासि, आजामे
Friend	—arō	—आरं
Enemy	—meyē, merē	—मेये, मेरे
Servant	—epo	—ऐप

## FOOD AND DRINK

I am thirsty.	—nga sāpraci-ga	—डा सांप्राचि-गा
	I      thirsty	
	nga maci tō-me-ga	—डा माचि तं-मे-गा
	I      water drink like	
I am hungry	—nga agesi-ga	—डा अगेसि-गा
	I      hungry	
I am not hungry	—nga agesi-ga-mi/	—डा अगेसि-गा-मि/
	I      hungru not	
	agesi-ga-gum/	आगेसि-गा-गुम/
	not	
	agesi-ga-gumi	आगेसि-गा-गुमि
	not	

I want food —nga ha-misi-ga —ঢা হা-মিসি-গা  
I eat wish

I want hot water —nga maci ti wu-ji —ঢা মাচি তি কু-জি  
I water hot like

I want salt —nga prā wu-ji —ঢা প্রাঁ কু-জি  
I salt like

I do not want—nga wu-ji-mi/ —ঢা কু-জি-মি/  
I like not  
wu-ji-gum/ কু-জি-গুম/  
wu-ji-gumi কু-জি-গুমি

Will you eat—nyu atā ha-we-a ?—জু আতা হা-বে-আ ?  
rice ? you rice eat-will

I finished (my)---nga atā ha-  
meal I rice eat-  
ndo-la-ci  
finishe-past

I do not wish—nga ha-misi-ga-mi/—ঢা হা-মিসি-গা-মি/  
to eat I eat wish not  
ha-misi-ga-gum/ হা-মিসি-গা-গুম/  
ha-misi-ga-gumi হা-মিসি-গা-গুমি

What will you—nyu nga isu-weya—জু ঢা অসু-বেয়া  
give me ? you me what  
hā-we ? হাঁ-বে ?  
give-will

Do you smoke—nyu biri du-ji-ya ?—ଜୁ ବିରି ଦୁ-ଜି-ଯା ?  
 biri ?                       you biri smoke  
 nyu biri du-ji-a ?—ଜୁ ବିରି ଦୁ-ଜି-ଆ ?

Have you —nyu atā ha-la-a ?—जु आतां हा-ला-आ ?  
taken rice ? you rice eat

Do you eat —nyu sa-ta ha-ji-a ?--ଜୁ ସା-ତା ହା-ଜି ଆ ?  
mithun ?            you mathun meat eat

I will not eat—*nga ha-we-gumi* —ના હા-વે-ગુમિ !  
                  I eat shall not

I wish to drink tea. — *nga sayā tō-misi-ga*-डा सायां तं-मिसि-गा  
I tea drink wish

Taste —ha-pra —हा-प्रा  
eat good

**Delicious** —ha-pra-ndu —हा-प्रा-न्दु  
 (tasteful) eat good

Untasteful	—ha-pra-ndu-mi/ eat good not	—हा-प्रा-न्दु-मि/ हा-प्रा-न्दु-गुम/
	ha-pra-ndu-gum not	—हा-प्रा-न्दु-गुम/ हा-प्रा-न्दु-गुमि
Paddy	—ke-bra	—के-ब्रा
Uncooked rice	—ke-ku	—के-कु
Cooked rice	—atā	—आतां
Vegetable	—anapra	—आनाप्रा
Food	—atha, ha-weya	—आथा, हा-वेया
Soup	—ci	—चि
Salt	—prā	—प्रां
Fish	—anga	—आङ्गा
Oil	—tu-ci/teli	—तु-चि/तेलि
Meat	—tambē	—तामेबें
Pork	—ilyi tambē, pig meat ilyi-so pig fat	—जिल्य ताम्‌बें जिल्य-स
Mithun meat	—sa-ta, sa tambē	—सा-ता, सा ताम्‌बें
Hot	—ti	—ति
Sour	—srupra	—सूरुप्रा
Chili soup is hot	—minci khui	—मिन्चि खुअि
Chapati	—ke-thra	—के-थ्रा
Maize	—ambō	—आम्‌बं

Red gourd	—ceka-pū	—चेका-पुं
White gourd	—awi-pū	—आवि-पुं
Long gourd	—ekālā	—अेकालां
Brinjal	—padibru	—पादिबूँ
Tomato	—anastru, tumpiri	—आनास्त्रु, तुम्पिरि
Sweet potato	—ge-ja	—गे-जा
Potato	—ge-si	—गे-सि
Banana	—ajibru	—आजिबूँ
Plantain	—apapu	—आपापु
Chili	—minci	—मिन्चि
Onion	—elomprā	—ऐलम्प्रां
Garlic	—eloni	—ऐलोनि
Water	—maci	—माचि
Chinese cabbage	—tuna-pū	—तुना-पुं
Turmeric	—eyē	—ऐये
Ginger	—anjita	—आन्जिता
Hot water	—maci ti	—माचि ति
Cold water	—maci thē	—माचि थे
To eat	—ha-ga	—हा-गा
To drink	—tō-ga	—तं-गा
To smoke	—du-ga	—दु-गा
Make curry	—anapra so-ge curry make	—आनाप्रा स-गे
Brew ( rice beer )	—yu thu-ge beer brew	—यु थु-गे

Pour rice beer—yu ú-ge —यु ऊँ-गे  
beer pour

Boil water —maci ti ye-(a)ba—माचि ति ये-(आ)बा  
water hot do

## WITH A PHYSICIAN

Are you well?—nyu pra-a ? —जु प्रा-आ ?  
you well

I am not well —nga pra-mi/  
I good not  
pra-gumi/  
pra-gum

—डा प्रा-मि/  
प्रा-गुमि/  
प्रा-गुम

I have stomach—nga kheyāpo nya-ga—डा खेयांप ना-गा  
pain I stomach pain

Take this —eca tama ha-(a)ba —ऐचा तामा  
medicine this medicine eat हा-(आ)बा

Breathe deeply—nyaprane si-ha-la —जाप्राने सि-हा-ला  
deeply breathe

Drink hot —maci ti tō —माचि ति तं  
water water hot drink

Do not go out—ayacō agu-mi —आयाचं आगु-मि  
out walk not

Did you like?—nyu esasi-ji-ci-ya ?—जु असासि-जि-  
you like past चि-या ?

I shall give —nga nyu tama —डा जु तामा  
you medicine. I you medicine  
hā-we हाँ-वे  
give-shall

Let me see —nyu akhō nga athu—जु आखं डा आथु  
your hand you hand me see

I shall give —nga nyu biji hā-we—डा जु विजि हां-वे  
you injection. I you injection give shall

Do not worry—ri-mi —रि-मि  
fear-not

You will get —nyu pra-nawe —जु प्रा-नावे  
well you good-shall

Take him to —aya tama-kō —आया तामा-कं  
the hospital. him hospital  
atū-mba आतु-म्बा  
take

I am ill —nga embē-ji —डा अेम्बं-जि  
I ill

I have fever —nga ngi-ga —डा डिंगा  
I fever  
nga ngi-ji डा डिं-जि

I have —nga iku-ji-ga —डा अिकु-जि-गा  
headache I headache

He has trouble—aya enambō-ma—आया अेनाम्बं-मा  
in the nose he nose in  
elyē-ga अेल्यै-गा  
bad

He has cold —aya mashu ngi-ga - आया माशु डिंगा  
he cold fever

**He has injured**—aya ang-gesa-ma nya-आया आड़-गेसा-मा  
 his leg                   he leg           in pain जा धे-हि-बा  
                              ye-hi ba  
                              injured

**He is bleeding**—aya enayu ando-ga—आया अैनायु आनूद-गा  
                              he nose-blood falling

Disease	—embē	—अैम्बे
Fever	—ngi	—डि
Pox	—bro/ano-su	—ब्र/आनूसु
Dysentry	—yā-ā	—यां-आं
Mouth	—ekobé	—ऐकर्व
Tongue	—ilina	—जिलिना
tongue (tip)	—ilina ishu-tā	—जिलिना इसु-तां
Eye	—elombrā	—जेलम्‌वरां
Eye brow	—epomo	—अैपम
Eye lid	—elōko	—जेलंक
Eye lash	—elōmo	—अैलंम
Hand	—akhō	—आखं
Leg	—ang-gesa	—आड-गेसा
Thigh	—anuwepū	—आनुवेपुं
Calf	—aota	—आअता
Knee	—pambohā/ambohā	—पाम्बहां/आम्बहां
Buttock	—ipipū	—जिपिपुं
Tooth	—tamō/tambrō	—ताम्बं/ताम्बरं
Skin	—kopra	—कप्रा
Hair	—thombrā	—थम्बरां

Head	—ikuya	—अिकुया
Neck	—sembyā	—सेम्ब्यां
Finger	—atosu	—आतसु
Thumb	—atambō	—आतम्‌बं
Upper lip	—enobru	—अ॒नबूरु
Lower lip	—enoko	—अ॒नक
Ear	—akona	—आकना
Chest	—atala	—आतला
Rib	—srubru	—सरुबरु
Abdomen	—ehāpū	—अ॒हांपुं
Nail	—ahūko	—आहुंक
Wrist	—azi-zemu	—आजि-जेमु
Lower arm	—akhō-sipra	—आखं-सिप्रा
Upper arm	—akhō-pū	—आखं-पुं
Right ear	—akona eca	—आकना अ॑चा
Left ear	—akona lakke	—आकना-लाक्के
Nose	—enambō	—अ॒नम्‌बं
Flesh	—tho	—थ
Bone	—rūmbō	—रुंम्‌बं
Blood	—iyu	—अियु
Stool	—khí	—खि'
Urine	—the-ci	—थे-चि
Ankle	—pakhi	—पाखि
Lunge	—ana-pū	—आना-पुं
Heart	—apobra	—आपब्रा
Liver	—imihu	—अिमि॒हु

Stomach	—yā-pū	—यां-पुं
Backbone	—ishigombō	—अिशिगम्बं
Oesophagus,		
Gullet	—erōlō	— ऐरंलं
Vein/artery	—esā	- अेसां
Main vein/ artery	—esā-pā	--- अेसां-पां
Cheek	—aphu	— आफु

## GREETINGS

Good morning	—jai hind	—जाजि हिन्दू
Are you well ?	—nyu pra i-ji-ya ? you good live	—जु प्रा अि-जि-या ?
How do you do ?	—nyu kaji i-ji-a ? you how live nyu pra i-ji-ya ? you good live	—जु काजि अि-जि-आ ? —जु प्रा अि-जि-या ?
I come from Shillong	—nga silong-ne/mane—डा सिलोङ-ने/माने I shillong from i-ga come	सिलोङ-ने/माने जि-गा
Thank you	—pra-yiba/prayibu	—प्रा-यिबा/प्रा-यिबु
Many thanks	—pra-me tandō	—प्रा-मे तानूदं
Wish you a good journey	—nyu ci -pra ye-ge you go good do	—जु चि-प्रा ये-गे
Wish you well ( for those staying back at home )	—nyu ji-pra ji-ga-ba—जु जि-प्रा you sit good sit जि-गा-बा	जि-प्रा

## ON THE ROAD

Please show me—elyē wu-mi-ne, —ओल्ये वु-मि-ने,  
the way                  bad think-not  
                            nga alō ekē                            डा आलं जेके  
                            me road show

I have lost my —nga alō aha-la —डा आलं आहा-ला  
way                  I road lost

I shall show —ngā nyu alō ekē-we—डा जु आलं  
you the way        I you road show-shall जेके-वे

I do not know—ngā alō asa-mi     —डा आलं आसा-मि  
the way                  I road know-not

Please take me—wu-simi-ne, ngā —वु-सिमि-ने, डा  
there                  please                  me  
                            ahi-ma atu-te                            आहि-मा आतु-ते  
                            there take

Go to the right—eca-nu ci-mba     —अेचा-नु चि-म्बा  
                            right to go(order)

I shall take —ngā nyu ahi-ma —डा जु आहि-मा  
you there            I you there  
                            atu-te-we                                    आतु-ते-वे  
                            take-shall

Go to the left—lak-ke-nu ci-mba —लाक्-के-नु चि-म्बा  
                            left to go

Is there any —ahi-ma/ahiya iji —आहि-मा/आहिया  
bridge ?                there any अिजि  
                            dōphrē khāga-a ?    दंफरे खांगा-आ ?  
                            bridge have

Yes, there is —am, ahi-ma/ahiya —आम्, आहि-मा/  
yes there आहिया

kha-ga खा-गा  
have

Is the road —alō kaci-a ? —आलं काचि-आ ?  
wide ? road wide

It is narrow —aya ici-a —आया इचि-आ  
it small  
aya abrasukhi आया आब्रासुखि

Is it far ? —aya mralō-a ? —आया मूरालं-आ ?  
it far

No, it is not —nga, aya mralō-mi/—ऱा, आया मूरालं-मि/  
very far. no it far not  
mralō-gumi/ मूरालं-गुमि/  
mralō-gum मूरालं-गुम

Do you see it —nyu ecaca aya —जु अेचाचा आया  
now ? you now it  
athu-ji-ya ? आथु-जि-या ?  
see

nyu ecaca aya जु अेचाचा आया  
athu-ji-a ? आथु-जि-आ ?

Yes, I do. —am, nga athu ji —आम्, डा आथु-जि  
yes I see

Road, track —alō —आलं

Roadside	—alō epenge road side	—आलं अपेंडे
Cross road	—alō bru-uga road cross	—आलं ब्रु-जुगा
Steep	—etōrō	—अेतरं
Steep down	—ayuma	—आयुमा
That	—ahiya	—आहिया
There	—ahi-ma/ahiya	—आहि-मा/आहिया
Up there	—atuya/atuma	—आतुया/आतुमा
Down there	—amama/amaya-ma	—आमामा/आमाया-मा
Bridge (wooden) or bamboo	—dōphrē	—दंफरें
Suspension bridge	—sā	—सां
Single cane line bridge	—lo	—ल
River	—aphra/maci aphra	—आफ्रा/माचि आफ्रा
Stream	—cili/maci cili	—चिलि/माचि चिलि
To go	—ci/ba/agu-ga	—चि-गा/आगु-गा
To go up hill	--eto-su	—अेत-सु
To go down hill	—ebo-na-ja	—अेब-ना-जा
Up (side)	—eto-nu	—अेत-तु
Down (side)	—ayuma-nu	—आयुमा-तु

Wide	—abra kaci/abra nyi—आब्रा काचि/	
bread big		आब्रा-जि
Long	—kālō	—कालं
By which road ?	— kaji-ya alō-mane —काजि-या आलं-माने which road from	
The road is ---	alō aya akendo-yuga-आलं आया zigzag	road it zigzag आकेन्द-युगा
By this road	—eca alō-mane	—अेचा आलं-माने
	this road by	
See	—athu-ga	—आथु-गा
Show	—ekē-ga	— अेकें-गा
Point out, indicate	—athu-ga	—आथु-गा

## VISIT TO A VILLAGE

Where is the—	gambura ō	—गाम्बुरा अं हातु-आ !
gaobura's	gaobura house	
house ?	hanu-a ?	
	where	
I wish to see—	nga gambura ō	—ङा गाम्बुरा अं
the gaobu-	I gaobura house	
ra's house	athu-misi-ga	आथु-मिसि-गा
	see wish	

I wish to see—	nga dōphrē athu	—डा दंफ्रै आथु
the bridge	I bridge see	
	misi-ga	मिसि-गा
	wish	
I do not want to see	—nga athu-misi-ga mi/	—डा आथु-मिसि-गा मि/
	I see wish	
	athu-misi-ga gumi/	आथु-मिसि-गा गुमि/
	athu-misi-ga gum	आथु-मिसि-गा-गुम
Do you see ?—	nyu athu-ji-ya ?	—जु आथु-जि-या ?
	you see	
	nyu athu-ji-a ?	जु आथु जि-आ ?
I want to see—	nga athu-misi-ga	—डा आथु-मिसि-गा
	I see like	
Let us go round the village	—inyi ati lewelewe	—अिनि आति लेवेलेवे
	we villageround	
	agu-ji-ci-co	आगु-जि-चि-च
	go let	
I shall stroll—	nga agu ere-(a)we	—डा आगु ऐरे-(आ) वे
about	I go stroll shall	
Come with me	—nga-go agu/ba/ci	—डा-ग आगु/बा/चि
	me-with go	
Talk to me	—nga-go ci-ca	—डा-ग चि-चा
	me-with talk	
Show me the office	—nga opisa ekē	—डा अपिसा एके
	me office show	
The weather is fine today	—etanyi ara ndā-yibu	—ऐताजि आरा
	today weather fine	नूदां-यिबु

I am a visitor —nga karū ci-yi —ঢা কারুঁ চি-যি  
I guest go

I shall —nga buige i-na-we —ঢা বু়িগে ই-  
come again I again come না-বে

I shall see you—anaya athu-ga-we —আনায়া আথু-গা-বে  
tomorrow tomorrow see shall যে-চি  
ye-ci  
do-let

You may go —nyu ba-pa-mane —জু বা-পা-মানে  
you go

What is this ? -- eca isu-weya ? -- জেবা ইসু-বেয়া ?  
this what

Who is he ? —aya isu-ya ? —আয়া ইসু-য়া ?  
he who  
aya isu-weya jō-yi —আয়া ইসু-বেয়া  
he what works জঁ-যি

He is an —aya kotoki —আয়া কতকি  
interpreter

Do you re- —nyu nga asa-ji-ya ? —জু ডা আসা-জি-য়া ?  
member me ? you me know  
nyu nga athu জু ডা আথু  
you me see  
asa-ji-ya ? আসা-জি-য়া ?  
know

Yes, I remem- —am, nga asa-ji —আম্, ডা আসা-জি  
ber yes I know

am nga athu asa-ji—आम् डा आथु आसा-जि  
 yes I see know

He is my friend —aya nga arō —आया डा आर  
 he my friend

I shall introduce you to each other —enne kanyi asa- —अैन्ने काजि आसा  
 you two know  
 daga-jiga दागा-जिगा  
 each other

la-kē-we ला-के-वे  
 tell-shall

Will you help me ? —nyu nga aro-we-a ?—ञु डा आर-वे-आ ?  
 you me help-will

Village	—ati	आति
Villager	—ati-kō i-ya	—आति कं अि-या
Guest	—karū	कारुः
Newcomer	—karū/inu me man new	—कारुं/अिमु मे
Host	—meko	—मेक
House	—ō	—अं
Chief judge	—ukil heta judge chief	—अुकिल हैता
Opposite house	—ō gyaroga house-opposite	—अं ग्यारगा
Adjacent house	—ō proga house adjacent	—अं प्रगा
Place	— ji-mu	—जि-मु

Country	—ati	—आर्ति
Village	—kebange	—कैबांगे
council		

## CRAFT WEAVING

I am weaving —nga idu andrōho —ਡਾ ਜਿਦੁ  
 an Idu cloth I Idu cloth ਆਨ੍ਦਰੋਹ  
                      atya-ji ਆਤ੍ਯਾ-ਜਿ  
                      weaving

What is the —isu-weya-ge rẽ ? —अिसु-वेया-गे रे॑ ?  
price ? what price

This cloth is —eca androho hu rē —ऐचा आनद्रहंह  
ten rupees      this cloth ten price हु रे

How much ? —kaji-ge ?	—काजि-गे ?
Cotton —kapé	—कापे'
Yarn —asa	—आसा
Cloth —andrōho	—आन्द्रहं
Rug —kombo/ idubu	—कम्बल / अिदुबु

## SHOPPING

What is the —kaji-ge rē ? —काजि-गे रे ?  
 price ? how-much price  
 isu-weya-ge rē ? —जिसु-वेया-गे रे ?  
 what price

Will you sell —nyu eca amme-ye- —जु अेचा आमूमे-ये-  
 it ? you it money-do  
 we-a ? वे-आ ?  
 shall

I shall not sell—nga amme-ye-we-mi/—डा आमूमे-ये-वे-मि/  
 I money-do-shall not  
 amme-ye-we-gum आमूमे-ये-वे-गुम  
 money-do shall not  
 amme-ye-we-gumi आमूमे-ये-वे-गुमि  
 money-do shall not

I have come —nga prā lo-we-ca —डा प्रां ल वे-चा  
 to you to buy I salt buy to  
 salt nyu-ga i-ga जु-गा अि-गा  
 you to come

Do not pay	--paca hā-mi	—पाचा हां-मि
much	much give-not	
Weigh one seer	--sere-ge cu-(a)ba	—सेरे-गे चु-(आ)बा
	seer one weigh	
	sere khege cu-(a) ba	सेरे खेगे चु-(आ)बा
	seer one weigh	
Give me	--nga hā	—ङा हां
	me give	
To sell	--amme-ye-ga	—आम्-मे-ये-गा
	money-do-shall	
To buy	--lo-ga	—ल-गा
	buy shall	
Cheap ( price less )	--amme mi / lo-sō-yā	—आम्-मे-मि/ल-सं-या
	money-not buy short	
Cheap ( price not high )	--amme-nyi -mi/	—आम्-मे-जि-मि
	price-high not	
	amme-nyi-gum/	आम्-मे-जि-गुम
	price high not	
	amme-nyi-gumi	आम्-मे-जि-गुमि
	price high not	
Price very high	--amme-nyi	—आम्-मे-जि
	price-high	
One rupee	--pra-ge	—प्रा-गे
	rupee-one	
One cigarette	--sigere khege	—सिगेरे खेगे
	cigarette-one	

A packet of	—sigere paki-ge	—सिगेरे पाकि-गे
cigarettes	cigarette packet-one	
Costly	—amme-nyi	—आमूमे जि
	price-high	

## AGRICULTURE

Where is your—nyu paku hanu-a ? — जु पाकु हानु-आ ?  
field ?                    your field where

Some are near—brage ñ-ma-nu-ma/ बृगे झं-मानु-मा/  
 the houses, some house near at  
 some are at a distance anu-ma अनु-मा  
 near at brage mitalõ-ma khaga बृगे मूरालं-मा  
 some distance-at are कृणा

What are you —nyu et mu isu-weya — अू जेतारु  
 going to sow you what निसु-वैया  
 this year ? api-te-we ? आयि-ते-वे ?  
                          sow shall

I shall sow —ngā ke api-te-we. — डाके आयि-तै-वे  
paddy I paddy sow shall

Cultivation —paku / mrā —पाकु/मरां  
field

Wet rice cultivation — maci mrañ — माचि मरां  
water field

<b>Paddy plant</b>	—ke-mbō / tō paddy-plant	—के-मूंबं / तं
<b>Maize plant</b>	—ambō-mbō/tō maize-plant	—आम्बं-मूंबं/तं
<b>Arum plant</b>	—sō-mbō arum-plant	—सं-गूंबं
<b>Bush</b>	—arye	—आर्ये
<b>Spear</b>	—ap-pa	—आप्-पा
<b>Axe</b>	—epā	—ऐपां
<b>Hoe</b>	—pakuru/jelōpra	—पाकुरु/जेलंप्रा
<b>Spade</b>	—pakuru/jelōpra	—पाकुरु/जेलंप्रा
“Khurpi”	—asopra	—आसप्रा
<b>Tree</b>	—asimbō	—आसिम्बं
<b>Root</b>	—ripi	—रिपि
<b>Plant</b>	—asi-bra	—आसि-ब्रा
<b>Bark</b>	—asi-ko/ko	—आसि-क/क
<b>Leaf</b>	—na-pra/asi-na-pra	—ना-प्रा/आसि-
		ना-प्रा
<b>Garden</b>	—ana-pra mñ vegetable garden	—आना-प्रा मूं
<b>Flower</b>	—asi-pí	—आसि-पि
<b>Petal</b>	—pí-na/na-pra	—पि-ना/ना-प्रा
<b>Jungle</b>	—ambapa/amba	—आम्बापा/आम्बा
<b>Forest</b>	—imbūpa/imbū	—अिम्बुपा/अिम्बुं
<b>Fragrant</b>	—no pra smell good	—न प्रा

Stick --- atyabrā --- आत्याब्रां

The flower has---eca asi-pí eca-kéya--- अेचा आसि-पि  
not yet this flower yet अेचा-केया  
bloomed pi-ga-ji-mi पि-गा-जि-मि  
bloom not

Paddy sown ---ke-mosa ---के-मसा  
usually from  
June to August

Paddy sown ---ke-pu ---के-पु  
usually from  
March to May

Varieties of ---ke-hici, amtiboro,-के-हिचि, आम्तिबर  
paddy ke-pambi, miruge, के-पाम्बि, मिरुगे  
ke-khamti, ke- ---के-खामति, के-पानुडे  
patunge,  
ke-amiyu, bira के-आमियु, बिरा

## AT THE SCHOOL

Do you read---nyu skul-ma ---जु स्कुल-मा  
in a school ? you school-in  
po-ri-ji-ya ? प-रि-जि-या ?  
read

What class are---nyu isu-wéya ---जु जिसु-वेया  
you reading you what  
in ? klas-ma क्लास-मा  
class-in  
pori-ji ? परि-जि ?  
read

I am reading—nga klas      ---डा क्लास  
in class five I class  
manga-ma      माडा-मा  
five in  
pori-ji      परि-जि  
read

How many --nyu klas ma      ---जु क्लास-मा  
boys are there your class in  
in your class ? meya-a      मेया-आ  
boys  
pori-ya kaji-ge      परि-या काजि-गे  
reader how  
i-ga ?      .—जि-गा ?  
are

There are sixty —nga klas ma      जु क्लास-मा  
students in my my class-in  
class pori-ya      परि-या  
reader  
taya-hū i-ga.      ताया-हुं जि-गा  
sixty are

How many —nyu skul-ma      ---जु स्कुल-मा  
teachers are your school in  
there in your ahí-yi-ga      आहि-यि-गा  
school ? teacher  
kaji-ge i-ga ?      काजि-गे जि-गा ?  
how-many are

There are five —ahí-yi-ga      —आहि-यि-गा  
teachers teacher  
manga i-ga      माडा जि-गा  
five are

Do you like —nyu ongko —जु अङ्क  
arithmetic ? you arithmetic  
pra wu-ji-ya ? प्रा वु-जि-या ?  
good like

I do not like—nga ongko pra—डा अङ्क प्रा  
arithmetic I arithmetic good  
wu-ji-mi वु-जि-मि  
like-not

I find —nga ongko tandō—डा अङ्क तानूदं  
arithmetic very I arithmetic very  
difficult ye-himi athu-ji ये-हिमि आथु-जि  
difficult find

Do you —nyu nga ahu-ga—जु डा आहु-गा  
understand you I talk  
ahrū asa-ji-ya ? आहूरुं आसा-जि-या ?  
hear know  
nyu nga ahu-ga—जु डा आहु-गा  
ahrū आहूरुं  
asa-ji-a ? आसा-जि-आ ?

I understand—nyu ahu-ga —जु आहु-गा  
what you say you talk  
nga ahrū asa-ji डा आहूरुं आसा-जि  
I hear know

I can not —nga idu ekobé —डा इदु अैकबैं  
 speak the Idu I Idu language  
 Language ci-ca asa-mi चि-चा आसा-मि  
 speak know-not

## TIME

Yesterday	—bunyi	—बुजि
Today	—etanyi	—अैताजि
Day before yesterday	—bunyi inyi-ge-ma	—बुजि अजि-गे-मा
Tomorrow	—anaya	—आनाया
Day after tomorrow	—anayanga	—आनायाङा
The second day after tomorrow	—asinyi	—आसिजि
The third day after tomorrow	—anonyi	—आनजि
Now	—ecaca	—अैचाचा
Then	—aligo	—आलिग
A day	—inyi-ge/khege day a	—अजि-गे/खेगे
Five days	—manga-nyi/ inyi manga day five	—माडा-जि/ अजि माडा

Five nights—	hi - manga	—हि माडा
	sleep five	
One hour —	gonta-ge/khege	—गन्ता-गे/खेगे
	hour one	
It is two o'clock	—eca baji kanyi-ga	—ऐवा वाजि काजि-गा
	it strike two	
A few days—	ahā-nyi/ahā-inyi	—आहां-जि/आहां-अिजि
ago	inyi-eso-ba	अिजि-ऐस-बा
Within two or three days	inyi-eso kō-kō-ma	—अिजि-ऐस कं-कं-मा
	inyi mibiya	अिजि मिबिया
	eso kō-kō-ma	ऐस कं-कं-मा
Everyday	—inyi-mama	—अिजि-मामा
How long ?	—kaji-ge kālō ?	—काजि-गे कालं ?
	how long	
How old ?	—kaji-ge micipra ?	—काजि-गे मिचिप्रा
	how old	
	kaji-ge mici ?	काजि-गे मिचि ?
What is your age ?	—nyu inu kaji-ge-ba ?	—जु अनु काजि-गे-बा ?
	you year how become	
	nyu inu kaji-ge ?	जु अनु काजि-गे ?

How many	—inyi kaji-ge ?	—अिजि काजि-गे ?
days ?	day how-many	
How many	—ella kaji-ge ?	—ऐल्ला काजि-गे ?
months ?	month how-many	
One year	—eyanu	—अेयानु
ago		
This year	—etanu	—अेतानु
Last year	—eyanu	—अेयानु
Afterwards	—abé imnta	—आवै अमन्ता
Future	- abé	—आवै

## INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES

Who ?	—isi-ya/isu-ya ?	—अिसि-या/अिसु-या ?
Who is he ?	—aya isu-ya ?	—आया असु-या ?
	he who	
Where ?	—hanu-a ?	—हानु-आ ?
Where do you go ?	—nyu hanu-a ba-we ?	—न्यु हानु-आ बा-वे ?
	you where go shall	
Where is the interpreter ?	—kotoki hanu-a ?	—कतकि हानु-आ ?
	interpreter where	
Where from ?	—hanu-a-(ne) / where from	—हानु-(आ) ने
	hanu-mane	हानु-माने
	where-from	

When? — kaji-hō? — काजि-हॉ?

When have—nyu kaji-hō i-ga ? —नु काजि-हूं इ-गा ?  
you come ? you when come

Whom ? —isu-ya ? —અસુ-યા ?  
isu-ya-he ? અસુ-યા-હે ?

Whom do —न्यु िसु-या  
you want? you whom  
ala ji ?  
search आला-जि ?

What? —isu-weya? —अिसु-वेया?

What do you want? - nyu isu-weya  
 अनु अिसु-वेया  
 you want? you what  
 wu-ji ?  
 लु-जि ?  
 want

What is —ahiya isu-weya ? —आहिया इसु-वेया ?  
that ?            that what

What is the—eca ji-mu/apu amu — ऐचा जि-मु/आपु आमु  
 name of this place name  
 this place ? isu-weya इसु-वेया ?  
 what

Whose ? —isu-ya-ci ? —जिसु-या-चि ?

Whose book is this ? —eca isu-ya-ci  
 जो किसका है यह ? —अे-या अि-सु-या-चि

## SOME USEFUL SENTENCES

To know	—asa-ga	—आसा-गा
I know	--nga asa-ji I know	—डा आसा-जि
Do you understand ?	—nyu ahrū asa-ji-ya ?—जु आहूरूं आसा- you hear know जि-या ?	
To speak	—tho-ga/la-ga/ cica-ga	—थ-गा/ला-गा/ चिचा-गा
Speak	—tho-ga/la-ga/ cica-ga	—थ-गा/ला-गा/ चिचा-गा
Explain, inform	—la-kē-ga	—ला-कें-गा
Inform him	--aya la-kē-(a) ba him inform	—आया ला-के- ( आ ) बा
Speak slowly	—pipi/sa cica pipi la slowly speak	—पिपि/सा चिचा —पिपि ला
Speak again	—buige la-na-ge again speak	—बुअिगे ला-ना-गे
Speak the truth	—anji-te-ca truth la-ge/ahu-ge speak	—आन्जि-ते-चा ला-गे/आहु-गे
I cannot speak	—nga idu ekobé ahu —डा इटु अेकबे' the Idu language I idu languagespeak आहु आसा-मि asa-mi know-not	
	ngā idu ekobé tho —डा इटु अेकबे' थ I Idu languagespeak आसा-मि asa-mi	

I cannot speak well	—nga pra-a la-la-we	डा प्रा-आ ला-ला-वे I well speak can
Let us talk	—inyi la-ji-ci-co	—अिजि ला-जि-चि-च we speak let
Answer	—la-da-ga	—ला-दा-गा
Answer quickly	—so-a la-da-(a) ba	—स-आ ला-दा-(आ)बा
Understand	—ahrū-asa	—आहूँ-आसा hear know
Do you understand me ?	—nyu nga ekobé	—नु डा ऐकबे' you me language
	ahrū asa-ji-ya ?	आहूँ आसा- hear know जि-या ?
I do not understand	—nga ahrū asa-mi	—डा आहूँ आसा-मि/ I hear know-not
	asa-gum/asa-gumi	आसा-गुम/आसा-गुमि
Want	—wu-ga	— वु-गा
Whom do you want ?	—nyu isu-ya wu-ji ?	—नु अिसु-या वु-जि ? you whom want
I want salt	—nga prā wu-ji	—डा प्रां वु-जि I salt want
Give me “biri”	—nga biri hā	—डा बिरि हाँ me biri give
Please give me	—nga hñ-e-lo	—डा हीं-अ-ल me give (please)
I require	—nga aruda-ji	—डा आरुदा-जि I require

Send me the	—ajokhe nga hā-bi—	आजखे डा हां-बि
pen (same level) pen	me give	
—(up)	—ajokhe nga hā-tu—	आजखे डा हां-तु
	give up	
—(down)	—ajokhe nga hā-ja—	आजखे डा हां-जा
	give-down	
To see	—athu-ga	—आथु-गा
Look	—athu-ga	—आथु-गा
Show	—athu-ga	—आथु-गा
Show(which)	—ek̤-ga	—ऐकें-गा
Found	—a <sup>ṭ</sup> bu-la	—आथु-ला
(1st Person)		
2nd & 3rd person	—athu-hi-ba	—आथु-हि-बा
Did you find a cigarette ?	—nyu sigere you cigarette athu-la-ci ya ?	—न्यु सिगेरे आथु-ला-सिरा ?
	see-past	
Introduce	—merō-da-ga	—मेरं-दा-गा
I shall introduce you	—nyu merō-hi you acquaintance-be	—न्यु मेरं-हि
To come	—i-ga	—अि-गा
Come quickly	—dokumi i-ga quickly come	—दकुमि अि-गा
Come slowly	—pipi i-ga slowly come	—पिपि अि-गा
Come back	—i-la-na	—अि-ला-ना

Do not come	—i-la-na-mi	—अि-ला-ना-मि
back	come-back not	
Come with me	—nga-go agu	—ङा-ग आगु
To turn	—ekano-ga	—अेकान-गा
Turn face to	—ewēna ekano-da-ga	—ऐवैना अेकान-
face	face turn	दा-गा
Show how to	—kaji-wu-ji ye-ge-ne	—काजि-वु-जि
stand	how do	ये-गे-ने
	de-ga-ji ekē ge	—दे-गा-जि ऐके-गे
	stand show	
Stand	—de-ga	—दे-गा
Stand up	—adir de-ge	—आदिर-दे-गे
	up stand	
Do not stand	—de-mi	—दे-मि
	stand-not	
Stand ( on	—etage-ma de-ge	—ऐतागे-मा दे-गे
something )	something-on stand	
Wait	—lō-ga	—लं गा
Wait a little	—nga gebane	—ङा गेबाने
for me	me for	
	icige de-rō-lō	जिचिगे दे-रं-लं
	a little wait	
To go	—agu-ga	—आगु-गा
	ci-ga	चि-गा
Do not go	—ba-mi	—बा-मि
	go-not	
	agu-mi	—आगु-मि
	go-not	
	ci-mi	—चि-मि
	go-not	

Go ahead	--eheya ba-mba ahead go	--अेहेया बा-म्‌बा
	eheya agu-mba	अेहेया आगु-म्‌बा
	eheya ci-mba	अेहेया चि-म्‌बा
	eheya ci-de	अेहेया चि-दे
To go up	—eto ci/su eto agu	—अेत चि/सु अेत आगु
Go up	—eto ci-mba eto ba-mba eto agu-mba eto su-ba	—अेत चि-म्‌बा अेत बा-म्‌बा अेत आगु-म्‌बा अेत सु-बा
To go down	—ayuma agu-ga down go	—आयुमा आगु-गा
Go down	—ayuma agu-mba ayuma ci-mba ayuma ba-mba	—आयुमा आगु-ग्‌बा आयुमा चि-म्‌बा आयुमा बा-म्‌बा
I shall go down	—nga ayuma ba-we I down go shall	—ङा आयुमा बा-वे इ डाउन गो शल
I shall go down to Roing	—nga roing ja-na- I Roing go-down (a) we shall	—ङा रोइंग जा-ना- इ रोइंग गो-डाउन (आ) वे शल

## MISCELLANEOUS

Because —aline —आलिने

So (therefore)	—ali-gebane	—आलि-गेबाने
Still	—alimabu	—आलिमाबु
This much	—eca buige	—ऐचा बुइगे
Moreover, and	—alihōne/ali-ohōne	—आलिहंने /आलि-अहंने
It is early (you—nyu se-a i-ga-yibu—जु से-आ अि-गा-यिबु have come early) you early come		
It is late	—eca wē-ba it late	—ऐचा वै-बा
It is very late	—eca halige wē-ba it very late	—ऐचा हालिगे वै-बा
Never mind	—elyē wu-mi had think-not	—ऐलये वु-मि
Do not get angry	—kho- mi angry-not	—ख-मि
That does not matter	—aya iji-mi/gumi/ that any not/not/ gumi not	—आया अिजि-मि/गुमि/ गुमि
It is impossible	—aya ali-mi-we it so not will	—आया आलि-मि-वे
I agree	—nga no-ji I agree	—ङा न-जि
I do not agree	—nga no-ji-mi/gumi I agree not not no-ji-gumi not	—ङा न-जि-मि/गुमि —न-जि-गुमि

What do you—nyu isu-we-ya	—जु जिसु-वे-या
think ?                   you what	
wu-ji ?	वु-जि ?
think	
What is your—nyu isu-we-ya	—जु जिसु-वे-या
opinion ?                 you what	
wu-ji ?	वु-जि ?
think	
I accept your—nyu ekobé nga	—ज अंकवे' डा
suggestions         your word I	
grā-ji	ग्रां-जि
accept	
I have nothing—nga iji la-we kha-mi/—डा अिजि ला-वे	
to say                 I any say to have not     खा-मि/	
kha-gum/kha-gumi         खा-गुम/खा-गुमि	
Are you sure ?—nyu anji/manji-a ?   —जु आनूजि/	
you sure	मानूजि-आ ?
I am sure    —nga manji/anji	—डा मानूजि/
I      sure	आनूजि
I am willing —nga aya ye-misi-ji	—डा आया ये-
to do that     I that do will         मिसि-जि	
I am busy     —nga komi-ga	—डा कमि-गा
I      busy	
nga komi	डा कमि
I am not busy—nga komi-gumi	—डा कमि-गुमि
I      busy not	

This is right	—eca anji/manji	—अेचा आन्‌जि/ मान्‌जि
this right		
Hurry up	—macco	—माच्च
Let us go	—inyi ba-ji-ci-co	—अिजि बा-जि-चि-च
	we go let	
Let us stop	—inyi ru-ji-la-ci-co	—अिजि रु-जि-ला-
	we stop let	चि-च
Let us wait a little	—inyi icige lō-ji-la-ci	—अिजि अचिगे
	we a little wait	लं-जि-ला-चि
Do not sit at a distance	—mrālō -ma ji-mi	—मरालं-मा जि-मि
	distance at sit not	
Sit near	—anua ji/ manu-ma ji	—आनुया जि
	near at sit	मानु-मा जि

## NUMERALS

One	—khege	—खेगे
Two	—kanyi	—कानि
Three	—kasō	—कास
Four	—kapri	—कापूरि
Five	—manga	—माडा
Six	—tahro	—ताहर
Seven	—iū	—जियुं
Eight	—illu	—जिल्लु
Nine	—khini	—खिनि
Ten	—hū	—हुं

Eleven	—holoke	—हलके
Twelve	—hulonyi	—हुलजि
Twenty	—anyi-hū	—आत्रि-हुं
Fifty	—manga-hū	—माडा-हुं
Hundred	—malō <i>4 5 6 7 8 9</i> )	—मालं
Hundred-one	—malō alu-khege hundred over-one	—मालं-आलु-खेगे
One thousand	—ejari-ge, ejari- thousand one, thousand khege one	—ऐजारि-गे, ऐजारि खेगे

### MONTHS AND THEIR APPROXIMATE EQUIVALENTS

January	—lōhla	—लह्ला
February	—rahla	—राह्ला
March	—muḥla	—मुह्ला
April	—enala	—ऐनाला
May	—suhla	—सुह्ला
June	—thahla	—थाह्ला
July	—acihla	—आचिह्ला
August	—pīhla	—पीह्ला
September	—cihla	—चिह्ला
October	—macēhla	—माचेह्ला
November	—mang-grāhla	—माङ्-ग्राह्ला
December	—mawēhla	—मावेह्ला

## YEAR

Month	—ella	—अेल्‌ला
Fortnight	—ji-holo-ma	—जि-हल-मा
Week	—ji-iū	—जि-अिझुं
Year	—inu	—अिनु
Spring	—liyu	—लियु
Autumn	—padu	—पादु
Summer	—kathu	—काथु
Winter	—kapi	—कापि
Rainy	—induko	—अिन्दुक
Season	—rō	—रं
Summer season	—kathu-rō	—काथु-रं
	summer season	

## DIRECTIONS

North	—athu-anō, atunu, — alonu	—आथु-आन, आतुनु, आलनु
South	—bruyu-anō, apinu, — ibūdō	—ब्रूयु-आन, आपिनु, आइबुंदं
East	—jō-tā	—जों-तां
West	—dā-tā	—दां-तां

## FAMILY AND RELATIONS

Family	—anyame, anyasi	—आजामे, आजासि
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<b>Tribe</b>	—eba	—अेबा
<b>Clan</b>	—eba	—अेबा
<b>Village</b>	—ati	—आति
<b>Chief</b>	—heta	—हेता
<b>Male</b>	—meya	—मेया
<b>Female</b>	—yaku	—याकु
<b>Husband</b>	—ici	—अिचि
<b>Wife</b>	—ya, yaku	—या, याकु
<b>Son</b>	—a-meya	—आ-मेया
<b>Daughter</b>	—ayā, a-miyā	—आयां, आ-मियां
<b>Father</b>	—naba	—नाबा
<b>Mother</b>	—nani	—नानि
<b>Sister</b>	—athi	—आथि
<b>Brother</b>	—aromo	—आरम
<b>Uncle</b>	—embō	—अेम्बं
—Maternal	—nawu	—नावु
<b>Uncle</b>	—naba aliya	—नाबा आलिया
—Paternal	father younger	
—(Husband of paternal aunt)	—emo	—अेम
<b>Aunt</b>	—nani, naba athi father sister	—नानि, नाबा आथि
—(Father's sister)	—naba athi, nani	—नाबा आथि, नानि
—(Mother's sister)	—nani, nani aliya	—नानि, नानि आलिया
—(Wife of paternal uncle)	—naba yaku/ya, nani	—नाबा याकु/या, नानि

—(Wife of maternal uncle)	—nawu yaku/ya, nani	—नावु याकु/या, नानि
Grandfather	—nata	—नाता
—Paternal	—nata	—नाता
—Maternal	—nata	—नाता
Grandson	—ayi-a-meya	—आयि-आ-मेया
—(Son's son)	—ayi-a-meya	—आयि-आ-मेया
—(Daughter's son)	—ayi-a-meya	—आयि-आ-मेया
Granddaughter	—ayi-a-miyā	—आयि-आ-मियां
—(Son's daughter)	—ayi-a-miyā	—आयि-आ-मियां
—(Daughter's daughter)	—ayi-a-miyā	—आयि-आ-मियां
Nephew	—adu, adu- meya	—आदु, आदु-मेया
—(Brother's son)	—a, a-meya, adu-a-meya	—आ, आ-मेया, आदु-आ मेया
—(Sister's son)	—a-miyā, adu-a-miyā	—आ-मियां, आदु-आ-मियां
Father-in-law	—ebra	—अैब्रा
—(Husband's father)	—ebra	—अैब्रा
—(Wife's father)	—ebra	—जैब्रा
Mother-in-law	—ayu	—आयु
—(Husband's mother)	—ayu	—आयु
Brother-in-law (sister's husband)	—emo	—ऐम

—(sister's brother)—inu	—अिनु
—(Husband's brother)—iyu	—अियु
—(Husband of wife's sister)—emo maõga	—अेम माअंगा
—(Wife's brother)—inu	—अिनु
—(Sister's husband)—emo	—अेम
Sister-in-law — enna	—अेनूना
—(Wife's sister) —enna	—अेनूना
—(Husband's sister)—enna, miyã-a	—अेनूना, मियां-आ
—(Wife of wife's brother)—emo maõga	—अेम माअंगा
—(Brother's wife)—enna	—अेनूना
Lover	—wu-simi wu-yi-ga —वु-सिमि वु-यि-गा
Friend	—arõ
Kinsman	—meya alõsi
Kinswoman	—ya/yaku alõsi
Co-villager	—ati-khepa
Co-wife	—ya/yaku khepa
Neighbour	—awi-ekã
Boy	—meya-a
Girl	—yaku-a

## BASKETRY

Basket ( Common )

for carrying —androng-ga, kerũ —आन्दरङ्गा, केरू  
rough things

- For storing paddy—ke awẽ, anjo —के आवे, आन्ज
- For carrying and storing millet —याम्बां आबरू
- For storing cloth—ampõ —आम्पं
- For keeping ceremonial dress —amra-lā-põ —आम्रा-लां-पं
- For keeping yarn—asha-mpõ —आशा-म्पं

### Basket ( for males )

- For carrying —etõ —अेतं
- (made of cane)
- (made of bamboo—igu:pra  
covered with leaves) —अिगु-प्रा

### Basket ( for females )

- For carrying fuel,—agrah —भाग्राह
- baby etc
- For carrying —kerū —केरूं
- vegetable and fuel
- For carrying and —asino —आसिन
- storing paddy
- For harvesting —keyã-a —केयां-आ
- smaller than *asino*
- For collecting —ependrõ —अपेन्द्रूं
- vegetables and
- other things

—For keeping thread and cotton	—aring-ga	—आरिङ्गा
—For collection of weeds during weeding	—arye-ring-ga	—आरये-रिङ्गा
—For storing dry meat	aku atūtū	—आकु आतुंतुं

## Different kinds of hats :

Hat decorated — apotolo juhi — आपतल जुहि  
 with split cane

— Plain, made of — apotolo — आपतल  
 cane gerēndu

— Made of split — igu: apotolo — इगु आपतल  
 bamboo

### Bags ( different kinds ) :

—Made from animal skin for keeping matches	—aluchupō	—आलुचुपूं
—Made from bearskin	—ahūko akuci	—आहुंक आकुचि
—Made from monkey skin	—ameko akuci	—आमेक आकुचि
—Made from string	—akuci muna	—आकुचि मुना

## GLOSSARY

“A”

ENGLISH	IDU
Abandon	—mepa-ga
Abdomen	—ahāpū
Abduction	—thrutu
Abhor	— tayi wuga
Able	—+lawe (suff.)
About	—lewewe
Above	—ecālō
Absent	—jimi (in case of human being)  igami (in case of — अिगामि animal)
Abuse	—aprēga acī(a)loga
Accept	—grāga ada laga
Acceptance	—prane grāga

Accident	—srumotoyi nya-adu	—स्रुमतयि नृथा-आदु
Accompany	—jipa atuga	—जिपा आतुगा
Accuse	—etho asyu ambrōtega	—अेथ आस्यु आम्ब्रंतेगा
Ache	—thuthaga	—थुथागा
Acquit	—awa hādaga	—आवा हांदागा
Acquittal	—etho asyu nga	—अेथ आस्यु डा
Act (n. and v.)	—jō	—जं
Adam's apple	—erōlō/erōgu	—ऐरलं/ऐरंगु
Add	—ataga ( joining ) thru-apraga ( sum up )	—आतागा —थ्रू-आप्रागा
Admire	—nōrōga	—नंरंगा
Adorn	—apratoga	—आप्रातोगा
Advance (vb)	—eheyā-ga	—ऐहेया-गा
Advise	—ahīga	—आहीगा
Afraid	—ryisākhi	—रियसांखि
After (prep.)	—imnta ; (vb)-pa	—अिम्नता ; पा
Afternoon	—inyi ahinu	—अिन्निय आहिनु
Afterwards	—abé imnta	—आवे' अिम्नता
Again	—bīge	—बिंगे
Against	—enogenu aluda	—अेनगेनु —आलुदा
Agree	—awi khepaga nyōga	—आवि खेपागा —न्यंगा

Agreement	—arō cigawē ekobé	—आरं चिगावे अेकवे॑
Agriculture	—paku	—पाकु
Ailing	—mrataga embretaga	—म्रातागा —अेम्ब्रेतागा
Aim	—aryēga	—आरयेगा
Air	—ammeya	—आम्‌मेया
Alarm	—iti ego	—अिति-जे॒गा
Alight	—jana ebo (a) ja (to get down )	—जाना —अेब (आ) जा (to get down )
All	—keba-me tapume	—केबा-मे —तापुमे
All right	—prayiba	—प्रायिबा
Allow	—ahega hāga ( to give )	—आहेणा —हांगा
Alone	—nyuyapa khepateya	—नूयुयापा —खेपातेया
Also	—mabí	—माबि॑
Always	—inyimama isige	—अिनीयमामा —अिसिगे
Ambush	—dibí attindo	—दिबि॑ —आतिनूद
Ancestor	—nata ayuca	—नाता आयुचा
Ancestress	—naya ayuca	—नाया आयुचा
Ancient	—bāhā	—वांहां

<b>And</b>	—alihõne ali-ohõne	—आलिहंने —आलि-अहंने
<b>Anger</b>	—kho	—ख
<b>Angry</b>	—kho-po	—ख-प
<b>Animals</b>	—ambe	—आम्‌बे
—domestic	—õkõci ambe	—अंकंचि आम्‌बे
—wild	—ambaci ambe	—आम्‌बाचि आम्‌बे
<b>Ankle</b>	—pakhi brõkhi	—पाखि —बूरंखि
<b>Annihilation</b>	—lli	—ल्लि
<b>Annoy</b>	—yetolarye-ga	—अेतलार्ये-गा
<b>Annoyance</b>	—yetolarye	—अेतलार्ये
<b>Anoint</b>	—tel cuga	—तेल चुगा
<b>Another</b>	—khegeto ebato ekesa khegeo	—खेगेत —ओबात —ओकेसा —खेगेज
<b>Answer</b>	—lladaga	—ल्लादागा
<b>Ant</b>	—awroka	—आव्रका
—eater (see Pangolin)		
<b>Antenna</b>	—kapõtõlombõ, ekapora rãmbõ	—कापंतंलम्‌बं अेकापरा —कृपोरा रुंम्‌बं
<b>Anther</b>	—ne	—ने
<b>Antler</b>	—maco rũ adro	—माच रुं आद्र
<b>Any</b>	—wujibiyage	—वुजिबियागे
<b>Anyone</b>	—khegeca	—खेगेचा

<b>Apology</b>	—khūto	—खूत
<b>Apologize</b>	—khūtoga	—खूतगा
<b>Aristocrat</b>	—kaci imu	—काचि इमु
<b>Arm</b>	—larūmbo	—लारूम्ब
—lower	—akhōsipra	—आखंसिप्रा
—upper	—akhōpu	—आखंपु
<b>Armpit</b>	—eyakala	—ऐयाकाला
<b>Around</b>	—lewewe	—लेवेवे
<b>Arrange</b>	—ahunjiga	—आहुन्जिगा
<b>Arrest</b>	—roga	—रगा
	taga	—तागा
<b>Arrive</b>	—khigamu	—खिगामु
<b>Arrow</b>	—ipīta	—अिपिता
—iron-tipped	—mrala isutā	—म्राला अिसुतां
<b>Arrow</b>		
—poisoned	—mrala	—म्राला
—stone-tipped	—alyaprā isudi	—आल्याप्रां अिसुदिं
—tipped	—isudi	—अिसुदिं
<b>Arum</b>	—sōsumbū	—संसुम्बुं
<b>As</b>	—gebane	—गेबाने
	aligebane	—आलिगेबाने
<b>Ash</b>	—amiyu	—आमियु
<b>Ashamed</b>	—alupito	—आलुपित
<b>Ask</b>	—ahīga	—आहिंगा
	tahīga	—ताहिंगा

Asleep	—jimu-si himusi	—जिमु-सि हिमुसि
Assemble	--erõga khirõga	—अेरंगा खिरंगा
At	—+ ma + a	—+मा +आ
Attack	—ando amoga jīga ( attack from back )	—आन्द आमगा जिंगा
Attacker	--ando-amoyiga	—आन्द-आमयिगा
Aunt, maternal	—nawu ya/yaku ( nanyi )	—नावु या/याकु ( नाजि )
—paternal	-- naba aliya ya/yaku(nanyi) ( नाजि )	—नाबा आलिया या/याकु या/याकु(नाजि) ( नाजि )
--wife of paternal uncle	—naba aliya ya/ yaku (nanyi)	—नाबा आलिया या/याकु ( नाजि )
Await	—lõga	—लंगा
Awake	—ajoga	—आजगा
Awaken	—ajoyiga	—आजयिगा
Axe	—epã	—अेपा

## “ B ”

Baby	—aci-a a	—आचि-आ <sup>१</sup> आ
Bachelor	—ya nga yaku bigejimi	—या डा याकु बिगेजिमि

Back (n)	—ipindo ; rūmbō	—अिपिन्द रुम्बं
—(adv)	—la	—ला
Backbone	—isigōmbo	—अिसिंगम्ब
Bad	—elyē empakhi	—आल्ये —ऐम्पाखि
Bag	—akuci	—आकुचि
Bait	—tane	—ताने
Bake	—akaga	—आकागा
Bald	—aprāku	—आपराकु
Ballad	—ase	—आसे
Bamboo	—angitō —arutō —abratō —hicitō —madrangetō —bulukatō	—आडितं —आरुतं —आबरातं —हिचितं —मादराडेतं —बुलुकातं
—prongs	—atopra	—आतप्रा
—spoon	—adrupra	—आद्रुप्रा
Banana (tree)	—ajimbo	—आजिम्ब
—fruit	—ajibru	—आजिब्रु
—flower	—apapu	—आपापु
—pith	—nuku	—नुकु
Band, forehead	—ahepra	—आहेप्रा
—waist (for loom)	—aciho	—आचिह

( to tie )	—kathu apẽ	—काथु —आपे
Bandage (n)	—hasi aku	—हासि आकु
	—(v) —hā-hi-ga	—हां-हि-गा
Banishment	—lepi	—लेपि
Barbet	—amra kuturu	—आम्रा कुतुरु
Bark (n)	—kopra	—कप्रा
	—rūga	—रूंगा
(of deer)	—hro-ga	—ह्र-गा
Barren	—sākala	—सांकाला
Barter	—yuga	—युगा
Basket ( for fuel having large cavity)	—agra	—आग्रा
—(made of split cane)	—kiru	—किरु
—(for storing paddy)	—adrōnggra	—आद्रोंग्ग्रा
—(for carrying grains)	—asino	—आसिन
	keya a	—केया आ
—(to keep cloth yarn, thread etc	—amo	—आम
	ampo	—आम्प
—(for storing dry meat)	—atutu	—आतुतु

—(to keep articles—ependrō for immediate use)		—अपेन्द्रुरं
—( for male to—etō carry on back)		—अतं
Bath	—antokō	—आनृतकं
	—antomu	—आनृतमु
Bathe	—antoga	—आनृतगा
Batten	—athrō wētatō	—आथरं वेतातं
Be	—ga	—गा
	—ba	—बा
Bead	—anebra	—आनेब्रा
Beak	—lāmbō	—लांम् बं
Bean	—andeye	—आनृदेये
Bear (n)	—ahū	—आहुं
(vb)	—tsuhāga	—चुहांगा
Beard	—erōmo	—अेरंमं
Beast	—ambe	—आम् बे
Beat (with drum)	—huga	—हुगा
—(with fist)	—puga	—पुगा
—(with palm)	—abiga	—आबिगा
—(with stick)	—toga	—तगा
Beautiful	—kesa	—केसा
Because	—aline	—आलिने
	aligebane	—आलिगेबाने

Beckon (with hand )	—eth̄yuga	—अेर्थंयुगा
(with head )	—ikuhutega	—चिकुहुतेगा
Bed	--kemka	—केम्का
Bee	—awa	—आवा
Beef	—macu tambe	—माचु ताम्‌बे
Beer	—yu	—यु
Beeswax	—atuki	—आतुकि
Beetle	—ekapora	—ऐकापरा
Before	—eheya	—अेर्हेया
Beg	—asi	—आसि
Beggar	—asiyiga	—आसियिगा
Begin	—mado	—माद
Behind	—ipindo	—अिपिन्‌द
Belch	—coh ruga	—चहरुगा
Believe	—ahūdaga	—आहुंदागा
Bell metal	—suruphu	—सुरुफु
Bellow	—aserōga	—आसरेंगा
(v)	—gu-go	—गु-ग
Belly	---ehāpū	—अेर्हांपुः
Beloved	—wusimi wuhimi	—वुसिमि वुहिमि
Bend	--akendoga	—आकेन्‌दगा
	--akendo yega	—आकेन्‌द येगा
Beneath	—apōlō	—आपंलं
Beside	—epenge	—अेरेंडे

Bewitched	— pre ye (a) jaba	—पूरे ये (आ) जाबा
Bier	—epra	—अेप्रा
Big	—kaci	—काचि
Bind	—cepaga —amboga	—चेपागा —आम्बगा
Bird	—pra	—प्रा
Birth	—aga	—आगा
Bitch	—iku-kru	—अिकु-क्रु
—(old)		
—(no litter )	—iku api —iku apipō	—अिकु आपि —अिकु आपिं
Bite	—thuga	—थुगा ?
Black	—ma —mandikhi	—मा —मानूदिखि
Blacksmith	—atoya atoyiga	—आतया —आतयिगा
Blame	—etho asyu ambrōtega	—अेथ आसयु आम्ब्रंतेगा
Blanket	—idubu	—अिदुबु
Blaze	—amrohu ilimbō	—आम्रहु अिलिम्बं
Bleeding	—iyu brōga	—अियु बरंगा
Blend	—aluyuga akayuga	—आलुयुगा —आकायुगा
Blessing	—pra puweci wuga	—प्रा पुवेचि वुगा
Blind	—elōma	—अेलंमा

Blink	— elõmbrã aliyuga	— अलंमूकुरां आलियुगा
Bliss	— i·pra	— अि-प्रा
Blister	— draphute	— द्राफुते
Blood	— iyu	— अियु
Blouse	— etowẽ hasi	— अेतवे हासि
Blow,(of wind)	— yãga	— यांगा
—(of mouth)	— muga	— मुगा
—(of nose)	— annaciga	— आनूनाचिगा
Blue	— pru	— प्रु
Boast	— elõtoga	— अलंतगा
Boastful	— elõtopo	— अलंतप
Body	— jõta	— जंता
Boil (n)	— malu	— मालु
—(vb)	— thuga	— थुगा
Bolt (n)	— arabo	— आराब
—(door) (vb)	— yokhega	— यखेगा
—(thunder-)	— abruli cega	— अब्रुलि चेगा
Bone	— rũmbõ	— रुंमूबं
	— rûhaci	— रुंहांचि
	— yombõ	— यमूबं
Book	— ajopo	— आजप
Border	— tûtã	— तुंतां
—of cloth	— andrõho tã	— आनूद्रंहं तां
Bore	— aboga	— आबगा
	— bẽ yega	— वे' येगा
Borrow	— daga	— दागा

Bottle	—sikālā	—सिकाला॑ं
Boulder	—alōsubra	—आलंसुब्रा॒
Bow (n)	—ilyipra	—िलिघप्रा॒
—(vb)	—umatiga	—अुमातिगा॒
Bowstring	—endrāhe	—ऐन्द्राहे॒
Boy	—meya a	—मेया आ॒
Boyhood	—me-ā mahō —me-ā masō —a mahō	—मे-आ॑ं माहं॒ —मे-आ॑ं मासं॒ —आ॑ माहं॒
Brackish	—prāpo	—प्राप॒
Brave	—asenga	—आसेङा॒
Brazier	—humapo	—हुमाप॒
Bread	—kethra	—केथ्रा॒
Break (vi)	—duga	—दुगा॒
—(vt)	—tutaga	—तुतागा॒
Brain	—anu	—आनु॒
Branch	—haro	—हार॒
Brandish	—nyiga	—जिगा॒
Breast	—ithrunggu	—िथरुङ्गु॒
Breath	—sihala	—सिहाला॒
Breathe	—sihalaga	—सिहालागा॒
Brew	—yu kōga	—यु कंगा॒
Brewing	—yuthuga	—युथुगा॒
Bride	—ayā	—आया॑ं
Bridegroom	—emo	—ऐम

Brideprice	—ayālu	—आयांहु
Bridge	—phrē	—फ्रे
Bright	—lophundu	—लफुन्दु
Bring	—anggoga	—आङ्गगा
Brinjal	—padibru	—पादिब्रु
Broad	—abra kaci	—आब्रा काचि
	—abranyi	—आब्राजि
Brood (of hen)	—gōga	—गंगा
Brother(elder)	—apiya	—आपिया
—(younger)	—aliya	—आलिया
Brother-in-law	—emo	—ऐम
Brown	—mi	—मि
Bubble	—imulo	—अिमुल
Bud	—ibūkō	—अिबूकं
Buffalo	—maji	—माजि
Bug	—aba	—आबा
Build	—ajiga	—आजिगा
Bull	—macu arō	—माचु आरं
Bullet	—agere ipita	—आगेरे इपिता
Burial	—brōkaca	—बरंकाचा
Burn (vi)	—hruga	—ह्रुगा
—(vt)	—ajiga	—आजिगा
—(completely)	—rōpoga	—रंपगा
Bury	—moga	—मगा
Burst (vi)	—boga	—बगा
—(vt)	—abokaga	—आबकागा

<b>Bush</b>	—asimíli	—आसिमिलि
<b>But</b>	—alimabu	—आलिमाबु
<b>Butterfly</b>	—iphilongga	—अिफिलङ्गा
<b>Buttocks</b>	—ipípū	—अिपिंपुं
<b>Buying</b>	—loga	—लगा

**“C”**

<b>Cat (domestic)</b>	—mekari	—मेकारि
—(wild)	—acanggu	—आचाङ्गु
<b>Catch</b>	—ro	—र
<b>Caterpillar</b>	—kapōtōlombō (asina hayiga)	—कापंतंलम् बं (आसिना हायिगा)
<b>Cattle</b>		
(domestic)	—ōkōci ambe	—अंकंचि आम् बे
—(wild)	—ambe kraya	—आम् बे क् राया
<b>Cauterization</b>	—ti sici lope	—ति सिचि लपे
<b>Cave</b>	—epokalaru	—ऐपोकालारु
<b>Ceiling</b>	—apō	—आपं
<b>Celibacy</b>	—nyuyapa	—जुयापा
<b>Centipede</b>	—ketha, acitawu, epāhutō ayahruji ebando	—केथा, आचितावु, अैपाहुतं आयाहरुजि अैबान्द
<b>Ceremony</b>	—tyayē	—त् याये
<b>Chain</b>	—sisibrā	—सिसिब्रा
<b>Channel</b>	—agūlū	—आगुंलुं

Charcoal	—idikhí	—अिदिखि
Charm	—yuduga	—युदुगा
Chase (n)	—anji	—आन्‌जि
—(vb)	—jīga	—जिंगा
	—jīyamega	—जिंयामेगा
Chasm	—bé	—बे'
(opening)		
—(gap)	—ga	—गा
Cheap	—sōya	—सँया
	—ammemiyā	—आमूमेमिया
Cheat	—bayuga	—बायुगा
Chew(ing)	—amaga	—आमागा
	—hamaga	—हामागा
—(of solid	—akhrōga	—आख्रंगा
—particle)		
Chicken	—eto-a	—ऐत-आ
—pox	—bro	—ब्र
Chief	—heta	—हेता
Child	—a	—आ
Chilli (dry)	—minci-sā	—मिन्चि सां
—(green)	—minci tiya	—मिन्चि तिया
—(ground)	—minci tō	—मिन्चि तं
Cabbage	—tūnapū	—तुनापूं
Cackle (n)	—akhrō	—आख्रं
—(vb)	—akhrōga	—आख्रंगा
	—atā-ga	—आतां-गा

Cake, yeast	—pa	—पा
—(imported)	—ketha	—केथा
—(baked bread)	—ketha ebala	—केथा अेबाला
Calculate	—prane thrutega	—प्राने थ्रुतेगा
Calf		
(of cow)	—macu-a	—माचु-आ
(of mithun)	—sa-a	—सा-आ
(of buffalo)	—maji-a	—माजि-आ
Calling	lalaga	—लालगा
Can	— + lawe (suff)	— + लावे
Canal	—agūrōka	—आगुरंका
Cane	—lakatō	—लाकातं
— walking stick	—lakatō atobra	—लाकातं आतब्रा
Cane band	—laka aci	—लाका आचि
—cap	—laka apotolo	—लाका आपत्तल
—work	—laka jō	—लाका जं
	su-la	—सु-आ
Captive	—epo	—ऐप
Care	—pra-a	—प्रा-आ
Careful	—pra-ane	—प्रा-आने
Carpenter	—tapuyiga	—तापुयिगा
Carry		
(on shoulder)	—bu	—बु
(on back)	—gí	—गि
(on head)	—ti	—ति
(at side)	—bagí	—बागि
(to carry baby)		

<b>Carve</b>	—loga	—लगा
<b>Case</b>	—ti	—ति
—of a dao	—erabo	—अेराब
—(of a court)	—etho-asyu	—अथ-आस्यु
<b>Chisel</b>	—acu	—आचु
<b>Cholera</b>	—mra phi	—म्रा फि
<b>Choose</b>	—kēga	—केंगा
<b>Chop</b>	—tambe ta etāla	—ताम्बे ता अेताला
<b>Clan</b>	—eba	—अेबा
<b>Clapping</b>	—lapo abiga	—लाप आबिगा
<b>Claw</b>	—ishū	—इशुं
<b>Clay</b>	—cisikhí	—चिसिखि
<b>Clean (adj)</b>	—kesa	—केसा
—(vb)	—kesa yega	—केसा येगा
<b>Clear (adj)</b>	—endo	—अेन्द
	—he	—है
—(vb)	—etho-asyu ngaba yega	—अथ-आस्यु डाबा येगा
<b>Cleave</b>	—cipholaga	—चिफलागा
<b>Cliff</b>	—etōrō	—अेतरं
<b>Climb ( on object, on ground)</b>	—kāga	—कांगा
—on	—suga	—सुगा
<b>standing tree</b>		
<b>Close (adj)</b>	—manu	—मानु
—(vb) door	—lokhōga	—लखंगा

Cloth (cotton)—	cape andrōho	—कापे आन्द्रंह
—(woolen)	—ema andrōho	—ऐमा आन्द्रंह
Cloud that brings rain	—mato eko	—मात — अेक
suddenly		
in the high—	amu	—आमु
sky		
Clump,bamboo—	angipa	—आडिपा
Coal	—annoyi	—आनूनयि
Coat, black home-spun for ordinary use	—etokojo	—अेतकज
	—etoma	—अेतमा
	—etopé	—अेतपे'
	—lutunge	—लुतुङे
Coat, white	—etowē yambū	—अेतवे याम्बु
—Check	—etowē ambibi	—अेतवे आम्बिबि
—imported	—etowē kuodre	—अेतवे कुओद्रे
—red	—benashu	—बेनाशु
—for woman	—etoplo	—अेतप्ल
Cobra	—bethimbo	—बेथिम्ब
Cobweb	—iphisā	—इफिसां
Cock	—eto-ala	—अेत-आला
Cockroach	—alipi	—आलिपि
	—alekopra	—आलेकप्रा

Cold	—thē jisi	—थे जिसि
—head	—imu pra	—अमु प्रा
Collect	—erōtega	—अरंतेगा
Collide	—idaga	—अदागा
—in hurry	—conodaga	—चनदागा
Comb	—ethre	—अथ्रे
Command	—ambrō	—आम्ब्रं
Complain	—etho-se/goso	—अथ-से/गस
Complete	—lutaji	—लुताजि
Conquer	—anega	—आनेगा
Consent	—ilimi ili ekobé	—अिलिमि इलि अेकबे'
Contented	—khoga	—खगा
Continue	— + bala (suff) + ndola (suff)	— + बाला — + नूदला
Cool	—siyākhi	—सियांखि
Corpse	—ithū	—अथुं
Correct	—apraga	—आप्रागा
Cotton	—kape	—कापे
Couch	—kemka	—केम्का
Cough (n)	—mashu	—माशु
—(vb)	—duga	—दुगा
Council	—kebangekō	—केबाङ्के कं
Count	—thru	—थ्रु
Courtship (in marriage)	—asi ahe	—आसि आहे

Courtyard	—addaku	—आदाकु
	—amuluku	—आमुलुकु
Co-villagers	—atyikhepa	—आत्‌यिखेपा
Cover	—ti	—ति
Cow	—macu	—माचु
Coward(ly)	—ryisākhí	—र्यिसाखि
Co-wife	—ya khepa	—या खेपा
Crack (n)		
(opening)	—bé	—बे'
—(gap)	—ga	—गा
—vb (opening)	—béga	—बे'गा
—(gap)	—gaga	—गागा
	—ga	—गा
Crane	—prabo	—प्राब
Credit	—erõla	—ऐरंला
Creditor	—erõyiga	—ऐरंयिगा
Creep	—lyiga	—ल्यिगा
Creeper	—asi-tapū	—आसि-तापु
Cremation	—ithū rōpomu	—अथुं रंपमु
Crest	—ibūko	—िबुंक
Crime	—asyu	—आस्यु
Criminal	—asyuya	—आस्युया
Crocodile	—anga kokola	—आङ्गा ककला
Crooked	—akendo	—आकेन्द
Crop	—atha	—आथा

Cross-belt	—apē hecuga	—आपे हैचुगा
Cross-bow	—ilyipra ticuga	—अिल्यप्रा तिचगा
Crow (n)	—prakaya	—प्राकाया
—(vb)	—rūga	—रूंगा
Crowbar	—situbru	—सितुब्रु
Cruel	—imu tayi	—इमु तायि
Crush	—ūci	—ऊंचि
Cry	— anjaga	—आन्जागा
Cucumber	— anjipū	—आन्जिपुं
Culprit	—asyuya	—आस्युया
Cultivate	— paku jōga	—पाकु जंगा
Cultivation	— paku-paya jō	—पाकु-पाया जं
—wet	—maci mra	—माचि म्रा
Cultivator	— paku jōya	—पाकु जंया
Cup	— patika	— पातिका
Cupboard	— patika adamu	—पातिका आदामु ?
	—acapu	—आचापु
	—adakō	—आदाकं
	—lyapu	—ल्यापु
Cure	—ruya	—रुया
Cured	—pranaba	—प्रानाबा
Curly	—giryita	—गिर्धिता
Current	—cebo	—चेवु
Curry	—amme	—आम्‌मे
Curse	—ippuga	—अिप्पुगा
Curved	—akendoga	—आकेनदगा

Custom	—acu, niyom	—आचु, नियम् ?
Customer	--lo-ya	—ल-या
Cut (with dao)	—cega	—चेगा
—(with axe)	—piga	—पिगा
—(with knife)	—ngega	—डेगा

### “D”

Daily	—inyimama	—जिनिमामा
Dam	—iwi taga	—अिवि तागा
Damage	—yehalyē	—येहाल्ये
	—sitana	—सिताना
Damming	—iwi ta	—अिवि ता
Dance	—nyaga	—जागा
Dancer	—nyaya	—जाथा
	nyayiga	—जाथिगा
Dancing space	—nyamu	—जामु
	nyakō	—जाकं
Dangerous	—ibrisiweya	—अिब्रिसिवेया
Dao	—eyēce	—ऐयेंचे
Dao haft	—eyēce ta	—ऐयेंचे ता
Dao handle	—eyēce ta/eyēta	—ऐयेंचे ता/ऐयेंता
Darkness	—ambotō miyimi	—आम्बतं मियिमि
Daughter	—ayā	—आयां

Dawn	—anjebre	—आन्‌जेब्रे
Day	—inyi	—िंजि
Dazzle	—hega	—हैगा
Dead	—si	—सि
Deafness	—ahūkhōi	—आहुंखोि
Dear	—wusimi	—बुसिमि
death(accidental)-awruyama siba	—awruyama siba	—आव्रुयामा सिबा
—(epidemic)	—awruyama siba	—आव्रुयामा सिबा
Debt	—da	—दा
Debtor	—daya	—दाया
	—dayiga	—दायिगा
Decrease	—cōyaga	—चंयागा
	—iciyaga	—अिचियागा
Deep	—debala	—देबाला
Deer (barking)	—manjo	—मानूज
Defeat	—anega	—आनेगा
Defence	—bicitō	—बिचित
Definite	—lonjikhi	—लत्तिजिखि
Deity		
(beneficent)		
of house	—khinu meko	—खिनु मेक
of agriculture	—apesa miyā	—आपेसा मियां
of wealth	—asha dōrme	—आशा दंरमे
of creation	—asōsōru	—आसंसंरु
(malevolent)		

of jungle	—asha khinu	—आशा खिनु
of mountain	—gōlō khinu	—गंलं खिनु
of water	—bruru khinu	—बूरुरु खिनु
of destruction	—inyi ala phi	—अिजि आला फि
of war	—aruya	—आरुया
Delirium	—ijima sote lotehimi	—अिजिमा सते लतेहिमि
Den	—epokalaru	—ऐपकालारु
Deny	—ngada wuga	—डादा वुगा
Describe	—landohimi laga	—लान्दहिमि लागा
Description	—landohimi	—लान्दहिमि
Design	—wuambotega	—वुआम्बतेगा
Despair	—hah-ga	—हाह-गा
Destroy	—yehalyē	—येहाल्ये
Devotion	—khū	—खुं
Dew	—cerō	—चेरं
Dewlap	—hru	—ह्रु
Diarrhoea	—khí-ehbru	—खि-ऐहब्रु
Dibble (n)	—asopra	—आसप्रा
Dibble (vb)	—asopraci akōka —yene lyiga	—आसप्राचि आकंका येने ल्यिगा
Die	—siga	—सिगा
Differ	—jigagumi awu ebatoga	—जिगागुमि आवु ऐबातगा
Different	—ekesa ebato	—ऐकेसा ऐबात

Difficult	—yehimi	—येहिमि
Dig(ing)	—to	—त
Dig (vb)	—toga	—तगा
Diphtheria	—semba embre	—सेम्बा अ॒म्‌ब्रे
Dirty	--tayi	—ताथि
Disapproval	—arudagumi bida wuga	—आरुदागुमि बिदा बुगा
Discuss	—cicaga	—चिचागा
Disease	—embre	—अ॒म्‌ब्रे
Dish	—aruku	—आरुकु
Dishonest	—ecatigumi	—अ॒वातिगुमि
Disobey	—ahūtegami	—आहुंतेगामि
Distribute	—apiga	—आपिगा
Disturb	—isiyama athutehimi yega —kolugaga/yeluga	—जिसियामा आथुतेहिमि येगा कलुगागा/येलुगा
Divorce	—awega	—आवेगा
Divorced person	—aweyiga imu	—आवेयिगा इमु
Dizziness	—ayumu	—आयुमु
Doctor	—datoro	—दातर
—native	—igu	—िगु
Dog	—iku	—िकु
Domestic	—ōkōci	—अंकंचि
Donkey	—amye	—आम्‌ये
Door	—akhēlo	—आखेल

Door frame	—akhēlo daci asimbo	—आखेल दाचि आसिम्ब
Dormitory,	—merō	—मेरं
Double	—kanyibro	—काजिब्र
Dough	—ketō akahi athra	—केतं आकाहि आथ्रा
Dove	—praduku	—प्रादुकु
Down (n)	—mo-(a)na	—म-(आ)ना
Down	—mubrusu	—मुबरुसु
Downhill	—ayuma	—आयुमा
Downstream	—cebo anota	—चेब आनता
Dragonfly	—cetā	—चेतां
Drain	—maci doga	—माचि दगा
Drake	—gerekū ala	—गेरेकुं आला
Draw(picture)	—juga —thraga	—जुगा —थ्रागा
Draw (water)	—maci krega	—माचि क्रेगा
Dream (n) —(vb)	—emo —emoga	—ऐम —ऐमगा
Dress(n)for male	—etowē lawē	—ऐतवें लावें
—for female	—etowē thuwē	—ऐतवें थुवें
Drink	—tōga	—तंगा
Drinking	—tōweya	—तंवेया
Drown	—arūpotoga	—आरूपतगा

Drowned	—arū-se-(a)ba	—आरू-से-(आ) बा
Drunk	—tōla	—तंला
Drunkard	—yu tōamuya	—यु तंआमुया
Dry	—sā	—साँ
Duck	—gerekū-kru	—गेरेकु-क्रु
Duckling	—gerekū-a	—गेरेकु-आ
Dull	—kapa	—कापा
Dumb	—akhāpo	—आखांप
Dung	—ambe khí	—आम्बे खि
Dwell	—ji-kha	—जि-खा
Dye (black)	—ma	—मा
—(green)	—khari pru	—खारि प्रु
—(red)	—shu	—शु
—(yellow)	—mi	—मि
Dye (n)	—rong	—रङ्
—(vb)	—rong adoga	—रङ् आदोगा
Dyeing	—rong ado, rong cu	—रङ् आदो ; रङ् कु
Dying	—si-ga	—सि-गा
Dysentry	—yā-ā	—यां-अं

“E”

Eagle	—adu	—आदु
Ear	—akōna	—आकोना

Ear-disc (decorative)	— akōsu	— आकंसु
Ear-drum	—akōna bé	— आकंना बे
Ear hole	—akōna bé	— आकंना बे
Ear lobe	—akōsu lomu	— आकंसु लमु
Ear plug	—akōsu	— आकंसु
Ear ornament	—akōkhre	— आकंख्रे
Ear-ring	—andesi	— आनूदिसि
—woman's	—andesi	— आनूदिसि
Early	—lomkasu	— लमूकासु
Earth(globe)	—imudu-ilikhí	— अमुदु-अलिखि
Earth	—ilikhí	— अलिखि
Earthquake	—ili-ru	— अलि-रु
Earth work	—ilikhí jō	— अलिखि जं
Earth worm	—ajipombra	— अजिपम्बरा
Easily	—wutesi	— वुतेसि
East	—lōti	— लंतं
Easy	—ye-pra	— ये-प्रा
Eat(ing)	—haga	— हागा
Eaves	—ethadutā	— अथादुतं
Eclipse	—inyi-si ella-si	— अन्यि सि अल्ला-सि
Eddy	—ehāyo	— अहंय
Egg	—etocu	— अतच्
—shell	—etocu roka	— अतचु रका
—white	—etocu lo	— अतचु ल
—yolk	—etocu mi	— अतचु मि

Eight	— illu	— अिल्लु
Eighteen	— holollu	— हल्लु
Eighth	— la illu	— ला अिल्लु
Eighty	— illuhū	— अिल्लुहूं
Elbow	— larundi	— लारुन्दि
Elder	— apiya	— आपिया
Elephant	— at-ta	— आत-ता
Eleven	— holoke	— हलके
Elopement	— thru-akuto	— थ्रु-आकुत
Embankment	— thuta	— थुता
Empty	— pō	— पं
End (n)	— ikuya ba pahi	— अिकुया बा पाहि
—(vb)	— dōga	— दंगा
Endeavour	— yehimiyehi yega	— येहिमियेहि येगा
Enemy	— meyē	— मेयें
Engaged	— ekobé lajūga ga(a)ba	— अेकबे' लाजुंगा — गा(आ)बा
Engagement	— ekobé lajūga	— अेकबे' लाजुंगा
Enjoy (vt)	— aruji yega	— आरुजि येगा
—(vi)	— arujiga	— आरुजिगा
Enter	— khiga	— खिगा
Entrails	— sumbrā	— सुम्बरं
Entrance	— khi	— खि
Envy	— krīga	— क्रिगा
Evening	— injata	— अिन्जाता

Everything	—etākhe	—अेतांखे
Everywhere	—ambamama	—आम्बामामा
Exactly	—aliwiji	—आलिविजि
Exaggerate	—ambiga	—आम्बिगा
Exchange	—hāyuga	—हांयुगा
Excuse	—map hāga	—माप हांगा
Exhale	—tihī sihala awupaga	—तिहि सिहाला आवुपागा
Exhortation	—ahi	—आहि
Expedition	—lomkasu	—लम्कासु
Expensive	—ammenyi	—आम्‌मैजि
Expert	—yenggokho	—येंगख
Explode	—annaciga	—आनूनाचिगा
Extinguish	—amuga	—आमुगा
Eye	—elōmbra	—अेलंम्बरा
—of needle	—akhra ndi	—आख्रा न्दि
—brow	—epomo	—अेपम
—disease	—elōmbra embe	—अेलंम्बरा अेम्बे
—lash	—elōmo	—अेलंम
—lid	—elōko	—अेलंक
—pupil	—elō-ta-a	—अेलं-ता-आ
—ball	—elōndu	—अेलंन्दु

## “F”

Face           —eōna           —ओँना

Fail	—yekoga ( fail in doing )	—येकगा
	cigagumi (fail in receiving)	—चिगागुमि
Fair	—kesa	—केसा
Faith	—lonjikhi	—लन्जिखि
Fall	—eboga/abuga	—अेबगा/आबुगा
False	—ikipi/yeha	—प्रिकिपि/येहा
Family	—anyasi/anyame	—आजासि/आजामे
Famous	—ahoyi	—आहोयि
Fan (n)	—ayāpra	—आथाप्रा
—(vb)	—yāga	—यागा
Fang	—tabu ilyina mra dela	—ताबु जिल्यिना मरा देला
Far	—mrālo	—मराल
Fast (adj)	—bi	—बि
Fasten	—lōkhoyiga	—लंखिया
Fat (n)	—so	—स
Fat (adj)	—pukaci	—पुकाचि
Father	—naba	—नाबा
Father-in-law	—ebra	—अेब्रा
Fear	—ryi/ibrisi	—रियि/अिब्रिसि
Feast	—ha-anō tō anō	—हा-आन तो-आन
Feather	—mobrusu/moalosu	—मब्रुसु/मआलसु
—cap	—mo-athupō	—म-आथुपूं
Feed	—athaga	—आथागा

Feel	—wusatoga	—वुसातगा
Female	—miyā	—मियां
Fence (n)	—apí	—आषि
(vb)	—bíga	—बिंगा
Fermentation	—nyahru	—आहरु
Fertile	—ne	—ने
—soil	—iline/ilipo	—अिलिने/अिलिप
Fend	—andojīga/jīlaga	—आनूदजिंगा/जिंलागा
Fever	—ngi	—डिं
Feverish	—ngi wusato	— डिं वुसात
Few	—kasopri mangahro	—कासप्रि माङाहर
Field	—muluku/kõlaku/ —muluku/kõlaku/ —मुलुकु/कंलाकु/	
	paku/kaliku	पाकु/कालिकु
Fifty	—mangahū	—माङाहुं
Fight	—andoga	—आनूदगा
Fill	—epēga	—ओपेंगा
—(pot)	—brū epēga	—बरु ओपेंगा
Find	—athu ala	—आथु आला
Fine (n)	—anye	—आनूये
(adj)	—kesa	—केसा
Fined, to be (vb)	—la-shu-ga-(a)ba	—ला-शु-गा-आबा
Finger	—atosu	—आतसु
—little	—atosu ngayando	—आतसु डायानूद
—middle	—atosu abega(a)ci	—आतसु आवेगा(आ)चि
Finish	—dō yega/dōba	—दं येगा/दंबा

Fire	—amrohu	—आम्रहु
Fire place	—egolokō	—ओगलकं
Fire wood	—athrō	—आथ्रं
First	—eheya	—अहेया
First born	—eheya a-la	—अहेया आ-ला
Fish (n)	—anga	—आडा
—(vb)	—anga roga	—आडा रगा
—(dry)	—angaku/anga sā	—आडाकु/आडा सां
—(shoal)	—anga arū	—आडा आरूं
—(spawn)	—anga acu	—आडा आचु
Fisherman	—anga roya	—आडा रया
Fishing	—anga pi	—आडा पि
Fist	—buci	—बुचि
Five	—manga	—माडा
Flake	—lyage lyage	—ल्यागे ल्यागे
Flint	—alōsō/amise	—आलंसं/आमिसे
Float	—adātoga (in stagnant water) dāga (do) yuga (when object— floats in flowing water)	—आदातगा —दांगा —युगा
Flood	—maci brū	—माचि बरूं
Floor	—acapra	—आचापूरा
Flour	—ketō (of rice) —(of millet)	—केतं —याम्बात'
	—yambatō	

—(of maize)	—ambōju	—याम्‌बंजु
—(of wheat)	—kacotō	—काचतं
Flow	—br̥ga	—ब्रंगा
Flower	—pí	—पि
Flute	—awēyā	—आवेयं
Fly (n)	—alubra	—आलुब्रा
—(vb)	—lli	—ल्लि
Foal	—mawō-a	—मावं-आ
Fodder	—ap̥e	—आपे
Fog	—taru	—तारु
Fold	—epaga	—ऐपागा
Follow	—imnta ame	—अिमृन्ता आमै
Foment	—bo(a)naga	—ब(आ)नागा
Fool	—kapa	—कापा
Foolish	—abuapa	—आबुआपा
Foot	—brayapra	—ब्रायाप्रा
For	—geba/gebane	—गेबा/गेबाने
Forbid	—taga	—तागा
Forehead	—aprāhā	—आप्राहंहं
—band for carrying basket	—ahēpra	—आहेप्रा
Foreleg	—atto	—आत्त
Forest	—imbūpa	—अिम्बुंपा
Forget	—utimiga	—अुतिमिगा
Fork	—siadro	—सिआद्र
Former	—bahā	—बाहं

Formerly	—eheya béya-hō/bahā-hō	—अेहेया बेया हुं/बाहां हुं
Fortification	—laru aji	—लारु आजि
Fortnight	—ji iū binyi	—जि जिअुं बिजि
Forty	—kaprihū	—काप्रिहुं
Four	—kapri	—काप्रि
Fowl	—eto	—अेत
Fowl (jungle	—etosa	—अतसा
Fox	—mambū	—मामूँ
Fracture	—dū	—दुं
Fragrance	—no pra (smell of flower)  hi no (smell of maize powder after grinding or some sort of fatty smell)	—न प्रा  —हि न
Free (adj)	—nyuyapa/nata to	—जुयापा/नाता त
—(vb)	—moli hāga	—मलि हंगा
Fresh	—me	—मे
Friend	—arō	—आरं
Friendly	—arōhine	—आरंहिने
Frog ( small type with mark on back)	—patiti	—पातिति
—(edible type)	—pakapra	—पाकाप्रा

—(edible riverine type)	—payipra	—पायिप्रा
(toad)	—pahō	—पाहं
Front	—ekanolo	—अेकानल
—room	—agra	—आग्रा
Frost	—pō	—पं
	apro	—आप्र
Frown	—elōcuyuga	—अेलंचुण्गा
Fruit	—asisi	—आसिसि
Fruit tree	—asisi tō	—आसिसि तं
Frying pan	—aguphu	—आगुफु
Fuel	—athrō	—आथरं
Full	—brū	—बरूं
Full moon	—ella dambuni	—ऐल्ला दाम्बुनि
Funeral	—brō	—बरं
Funeral cortège	—ithū tā-ya eta	—अिथुं तां-या जेता
Funeral rites	—brō-caye-ga	—बरं-चाये-गा ;
	ya·ga	या-गा ;
	—brō-phi-ga	—बरं-फि-गा
Funeral sacrifice (pig)	—ilyi ambī mu·ga	—अिल्यि आमूबि मु-गा
—(mithun)	—sa-ambī ce·ga	—सा आमूबि चे-गा
Fungus	—prucu	—प्रुचु
—(eatable)	—akupra	—आकुप्रा
—(poisonous)	—akuthu	—आकुथु
—(edible)	—gōlōmbo	—गोलंमूब

Funny	—numisi ekobé	—નુમિસિ એકબે
Fur	—muana	—મુજાના
	—mualusupō	—મુજાલુસુપં

## “G”

Gall	—immu	—અિમ્મુ
Game	—tarō	—તારં
Garden	—bagan	—બાગાન
Garlic	—elonyi	—અલની
Garment	—lawē	—લાવે
—(lower for male)		
—upper for male	—etowē	—અતેવે
—for female	—etowē	—અતેવે
(upper)		
—(lower)	—thuwē	—થુવે
Garrulous	—ekobépo	—અકબેપ
	—tajutaye lamisiyiga	—તાજુતાયે લામિસિયિગા
Gate	—ekalu	—અકાલુ
Gather	—erōga	—અરંગા
Gather (man)	—imu erōga	—અિમુ અરંગા
Gaze	—älatone athuga	—અંલાતને આથુગા
Generous	—imu pra	—અિમુ પરા
	(athingito ahunito	—આથિનગિત આહુનિત
	wuiga)	વુઅિગા

Gentle	—no-jya	— न-ज्या
Gently	—no-yine	— न-यिने
Get	—ciga	— चिंगा
	—higa	— हिंगा
Get up	—jõlo	— जंल
Ghost	—dõrõ	— दंरं
	maya	— माया
Ginger	—anjita	— आनूजिता
Girdle	—kathu	— काथु
	—apẽ	— आपें
Girl	—yaku	— याकु
Girth	—dipuci apẽ	— दिंपुचि आपें
Give	—hãga	— हांगा
Glad	—pra wuga	— प्रा वुगा
	—aruji	— आरुजि
Glow-worm	—auli	— आजुलि
Gnash	—tã ryiga	— तां र्यिंगा
Go	—aguga	— आगुगा
	—ciga	— चिंगा
Goat	—mazi	— माज़ि
—(male)	—mazi arõ	— माज़ि आरं
	mazi ari	— माज़ि आरि
—(female)	—mazi kru	— माज़ि क्रु
	mazi api	— माज़ि आपि
	mazi apipõ	— माज़ि आपिपं
—(young)	—mazi a	— माज़ि आ

<b>God</b>	—anno	—आनून
<b>Goitre</b>	—ka	—का
<b>Gold</b>	—púdi	—पु'दि
<b>Gong</b>	—mindu	—मिन्दु
of leather	—mindu huyiga	—मिन्दु हुयिगा
<b>Good</b>	—pra	—परा
<b>Gourd</b>	—ekālā/cekāpū/ awēpū	—अेकाला/चेकापुं/ आवेपुं
—spoon (of ekala)	—inuku	—अिनुकु
<b>Gourd jar</b>	—ekāpū/iduku	—अेकापुं/अिदुकु
<b>Grace</b>	—wusimine	—वुसिमिने
<b>Granary</b>	—aka	—आका
<b>Grand- daughter</b>	—ayi-a miyā	—आयि-आ मियां
<b>Grand-father</b>	—nata	—नाता
<b>Grand-mother</b>	—naya	—नाया
<b>Grand-son</b>	—ayi-a meya	—आयि-आ मेया
<b>Grasp</b>	—awega	—आवेगा
<b>Grass</b>	—apisu	—आपिसु
<b>Grass-hopper</b>	—ekapora	—अेकापरा
<b>Grave</b>	—brō	—ब्रं
<b>Graveyard</b>	—brōkaca	—ब्रंकाचा
<b>Gravel</b>	—alyaprā bra-ne	—आल्याप्रा ब्राने
<b>Grazing ground</b>	—apisu apramu	—आपिसु आप्रामु

Green	—pru	—ਪ੍ਰੁ
Grind	—ne ajiga	—ਨੇ ਆਜਿਗਾ
Grain	—atha-bra	—ਆਥਾ-ਬਰਾ
Groin	—ahakala	—ਆਹਾਕਾਲਾ
Grow (vb)	—misiga	—ਮਿਸਿਗਾ
Gruel	—ambihī	—ਆਮ੍ਬਿਹਿ
Grumble	—i-si-ga	—ਿ-ਸਿ-ਗਾ
Guest	—karū	—ਕਾਰੂ
Gullet	—erõlō	—ਅੇਰ੍ਲੰ
	—eogu	—ਅੇਅਗੁ
Gulping	—abriga	—ਆਬ੍ਰਿਗਾ
Gum	—tā-su	—ਤਾਂ-ਸੂ
Gun powder	—kharitō	—ਖਾਰਿਤਾਂ

## “H”

Haft	—ta	—ਤਾ
Hail	—athi	—ਆਥਿ
Hail (vb)	—athi lyaga	—ਆਥਿ ਲ੍ਯਾਗਾ
Hair	—thõmbra	—ਥੰਮ੍ਬਰਾ
—band of beads	—kenewi	—ਕੇਨੇਵਿ
—knot	—thõguru	—ਥੰਗੁਰੁ
(woman's)	—thõguru	—ਥੰਗੁਰੁ
(forehead)	—thõapa	—ਥੰਆਪਾ
—knot string	—thõce	—ਥੰਚੇ

—pin (decorative)	—eroba	—अंरबा
comb	—atarū	—आतारू
Half (piece of lenght of any object)	—ethre —cbete —etege	—अथरे —अबेते अतेगे
—moon	—ella ebete	—अल्ला अबेते
Halt	—dega/naga deba	—देगा/नागा —देबा
Hammer (made of wood)	—aprā —hutene	—अप्राँ —हुतेने
Hand	—akhō	—आखं
—back of	—akhō ecama	—आखं अचामा
—left	—lakke	—लाक्के
right	—eca	—अेचा
Handle of dao	—eyēta	—अयेता
Hang :		
—(of picture)	—ambothruga	—आम्बथरुगा
—(of suicide)	—hasetoga	—हासेतगा
Hanger	—asuwi	—आसुवि
Happiness	—aruji	—आरुजि
Happy	—aruji	—आरुजि
Hard (adj)	—grō	—ग्रं
Hardly	—yehimi yehi	—येहिमि येहि
Hardy	—asenga	—आसेङा

<b>Harvest(ing)</b>	—apipu-ameja	—आपियु-आमेजा
<b>Hasten</b>	—dokumi solaga	—दकुमि सलागा
<b>Hat</b>	—apotolo	—आपतल
<b>Hate(ful)</b>	—tayindo	—ताधिनद
<b>Haunted</b>	—isige imu agutega	—अिसिगे अिमु आगुतेगा
<b>place</b>	—isige imu agutemu	—अिसिगे अिमु आगुतेमु
<b>Hawk</b>	—aduoethre	—आदुअथ्रे
<b>He</b>	—aya	—आया
<b>Head</b>		
—(part of body)	—ikuya	—अिकूया
—(chief)	—heta	—हेता
<b>Headache</b>	—ikuji	—अिकूजि
<b>Head-hunting</b>	—anji-heta	—आन्जि-हेता
<b>Headman</b>	—atyi heta/ — atyikōci heta	—आत्यि हेता —आत्यिकंचि हेता
	—imu heta	—अिमु हेता
<b>Head-priest</b>	—igu-heta/iguni	—अिगु-हेता/अिगुनि
<b>Healthy</b>	—jōta pra	— जंता प्रा
<b>Hear</b>	—ahūga	—आहुंगा
<b>Heart</b>	—hoso ethrō apobra	—हस —अेथरं —अपोब्रा
<b>Hearth</b>	—ego (lo)kō	—ओग (ल) कं
<b>Hearth-fender</b>	—egoka	—ओगका

Hearth-tray	—at-tō	—आत्-तं
(above the at-tō)	—andu	—आनूदु
Hearth-tripod	—ekombo	—अेकम्‌ब
(made of stone)		
Hearth imported	—si ekombo	—सि अेकम्‌ब
Heat	—ti	—ति
—stroke	—thuado/thumro	—थुआद/थुम्र
Heaven	—imudu	—अिमुदु
Heavy	—hu	—हु
Heel	—brudu	—ब्रुदु
Heir	—tapē hiyiwe meya	—तापे हियिवे मेया
Heiress	—tapē hiyiwe miyā	—तापे हियिवे मियां
Hell	—mrayu	—म्रायु
Help	—aroga	—आरगा
Hen	—eto-kru	—ऐत-क्रु
Her	—aya	—आया
Here	—ecama —alama	—अेचामा —आलामा
Herself	—nyuya	—न्युया
Hew (doing in pieces)	—pitaga —piga	—पितागा —पिगा
Hiccough	—khiyāpō grōciga embe	—खियापो ग्रोचिगा— अेम्‌बे

High	—hiru	—हिरु
Hill	—mraya	—मराया
Hill people	—mraya imu	—मराया इमु
Him	—aya	—आया
Hire	—grou	—ग्रजु
His	—ayaci	—आयाचि
Hit	—conoga	—चनगा
—(with an arrow)	—oga	—अगा
—(with a gun shot)	—oga	—अगा
Hoe	—pakuru	—पाकुरु
Hoeing	— pakuru piga	—पाकुरु पिगा
Hold	—anggoga	—आङ्गगा
Hole	—bé	—बे'
Hollow	—gālahā	—गालाहाँ
Honest	—ecatine	—अेचातिने
Honey	—hí	—हि'
Honey-comb	—awama	—आवामा
Hoof	—atabu	—आताबु
Hook	—asuwi	—आसुवि
	—akuwi	—आकुवि
—fishing	—iri	—िरि
Hope	—welōga	—वेलंगा
Horn	—rūmbo	—रूम्ब
Hornbill	—pendro	—पेन्द्र
	—pethu	—पेथु

	—thomo	—थम
	—dejo	—देज
Horse	—mawo	—माव
Hospitable	—awōro-ga	—आवंर-गा
Hospital	—tamakō	—तामाकं
Hostile	—andoya/meyē	—आनदया/मेये
Hot	—ti	—ति
House	—ō	—अं
How	—kaji	—काजि
	—kajiwiji	—काजिविजि
How many	—kajige	—काजिगे
Hum	—gun gun khra	—गुन् गुन् ख्रा
Hump	—katudu	—कातुदु
Hunchback	—katudu imu	—कातुदु इमु
Hundred	—malō	—मालं
Hunger	—agesiya	—आगेसिया
Hungry	—agesi	—आगेसि
Hunt	—anji	—आनूजि
Hunter	—anjiya	—आनूजिया
Husk	—hanji	—हानूजि
Husband	—ici	—जिचि
Hurt	—awu gingithu ajiga	—आवु गिङिथु आजिगा
Hymn	—mraba	—म्राबा
	—lyopu ayuthru	—ल्यपु आयुथ्रु
Hypnotize	—amuga	—आमुगा

“I”

I	—ngā	—ङा
	—ngā-me	—ङा-मे
Ice	—pō	—पं
Ill	—embregā	—अैमुब्रेगा
Idle	—kayu	—कायु
Idu	—kera-a	—केरा-आ
Imagine	—wu-aryēga	—वु-आर्येंगा
Imitate	—yemajiga	—येमाजिगा
Immerse	—arūga	—आरुंगा
Implements	—anji-ari	—आनृजि-आरि
	athō-ame	—आथों-आमे
Implore	— khūga	—खुंगा
Important	— wuijiga	—वुओजिगा
	aruda	— आरुदा
Impossible	—wutehimi	—वुतेहिमि
Impotent	— prē ngā	— प्रे ङा
Impoverish	—endo ajiga	—अनृद आजिगा
Imprison	— thona adāga	— थना आदागा
In	—ma	—मा
	—kōkōma	— कंकंमा
Incantation	—wu-asā	—वु-आसा
	—sadu-drō	—सादु-द्रं
Incarnation	jōta pragana	—जंता प्रणाना
Industry	—karkhana	— कारखाना

Industrious	—jō prē	—जं पूर्ण
In vain	—arudami	—आरुदामि
Infant	—a	— आ
Influenza	—aru embre	—आरु अम्बरे
Inform	—aho laga	—आह लागा
Inhale	—sihōtega	—सिहंतेगा
Insect	—kapōtōlombō	— कापंतलम्‌वं
Inside	- kōkōa kōkōnu	—कंकंआ —कंकंनु
Intelligent	—taji	—ताजि
Interest	—awu hāga	—आवु हांगा
Interpret	—tataga	—तातागा
Intoxicate	—yutōmutega	—युतंमुतेगा
Invisible	—athuabalahimi	—आथुआबालाहिमि
Invite	—rē	—रे
Iron	—si	—सि
Irrigation	—maci alisa	—माचि आलिसा
Irrigate	—maci alisaga	—माचि आलिसगा
It (object refered—eca to very near)		—अचा
—(object refered—ahiya to level)		—आहिया
—(object refered—atuya to up)		—आतुया
—(object refered—amaya to down)		—आमाया

—(object referred—aya to present or not seen)		—आया
Itch (n)	—maso	—मास
Itch	—maso waga	—मास वागा

### “J”

Jackal	—mambu	—माम्बु
Jack-fruit	—enjopū	—ऐनूजपुँ
Jar (beer)	—ekāpū	—ऐकांपुँ
—(water)	—ekāpū	—ऐकांपुँ
—(bambo)	—iciphru	—अिचिफ्रु
Javelin	—ap-pa	—आप-पा
Jaw(lower)	—āyāphu	—आंगाफु
—(upper)	—ekonggo	—ऐकङ्ग
Jawbone	—āyāpra	—आंगाप्रा
Jest	—esapē	—ऐसापे
	—lato-lare	—लात-लारे
Jhum	—mopi	—मफि
Join	—ataga	—आतागा
Joint	—atagaga	—आतागागा
Joke (insult)	—esapē	—ऐसापे
	—anu-asey	—आनु-आसेय

Jolly	—aruji	—आरुजि
Journey	—melōci	—मेलंचि
Judge	—abelayiga (ukili heta)	—आबेलायिगा (अुकिलि हेता)
Jump	—doga	—दगा
Jungle	—amba ambapa	—आमूबा —आमूबापा
Jungle-cutting	—amba-ce	—आमूबा-चे
Jungle-firing	—amba-o	—आमूबा-ओ
Jungle-fowl	—eto-sa	—ओत-सा

## “K”

Keen	—rapra	—राप्रा
Keep	—akhaga	—आखागा
Kettle	—kitili	—कितिलि
Kick	—at-tiga	—आत्-तिगा
Kid	—mazi a	—माज़ि आ
Kidnap	—imu gíkuga	—िमु गिकुगा
Kidney	—ecobra	—ऐच्ब्रा
Kill	—mesega	—मेसेगा
Kin	—anna	—आनूना
Kind (race) (in love)	—eba —wusimi	—ऐबा —वुसिमि
Kindle	—amrohu ajiga	—आमरहु आजिगा

Kingpost	—atyiatho	—आत्यिआथ
Kinsman	—anna meya	—आनूना मेया
Kinswoman	—anna miyā	—आनूना मियां
Kiss	—doga	—दगा
Kitchen	—hayekō	—हायेकं
Kite	—aduothre	—आदुअथ्रे
Kitten	—mekari a	—मेकारि आ
Knead	—ketō akaga —alihōne ketha ajiga	—केतं आकागा —आलिहने केथा आजिगा
Knee	—pambohā —ambohā	—पाम्बहां —आम्बहां
Kneel	—etondone jiga	—ऐतनुदने जिगा
Knife	—era-a	—ऐरा-आ
Knock (on door) —(strike)	—kōga —cōga	—कंगा —चंगा
—forehead	—cōnotoga	—चंतगा
Knuckle	—acuhā	—आचुहां

“L”

Labour	—jō	—जं
Labourer	—jōyiga	—जंयिगा
Ladder	—poko	—पक
Lair	—chu	—छु

Lake	—wiyā	—विंयां
Lame	—ikhibri	—अिखिब्रि
Lamp	—lem	—लेम
Lance (n)	—ap-pa	—आप-पा
	—iliru	—लिल्-रु
—(vb), To cast a	—ap-paci nogā	—आप्-पाचि नगा
Land	—ilikhí	—अिलिखि॑
—distribution	—ilikhí	—अिलिखि॑
	thupaga-hā	थुपागा-हाँ
—flat	—ilikhí liphamba	—अिलिखि॑ लिफाम्बा
—high	—ilikhí hiru	—अिलिखि॑ हिरु
—low	—ilikhí mawa	—अिलिखि॑ माव
—selection	—ilikhí kē	—अिलिखि॑ के॒
Language	—ekobé	—अेकबे॒
Lap	—apíca	—आपि॑चा
Lard	—ilyitō	—अिल्यितं
Large	—kaci	—काचि॑
Last (adj)	—imntando	—अिम्नृतान्‌द
—(vb)	—imntandoga	—अिम्नृतान्‌दगा॑
—month	—imntando ella	—अिम्नृतान्‌द अेल्ला॑
—night	—buciya	—बुचिया॑
	—ebéya	—ऐब्या॑
—week	—imntando	—अिम्नृतान्‌द
	hoptah	हपृताह
—year	—eyanu	—ऐयानु॑
Latch	—akhēpa	—आखेपा॑

Late	—wē	—वै
Latrine	—etakhru	—ऐताखरु
	—khítakhru	—खिताखरु
Law	—acu	—आचु
Lay	—akhaga	—आखागा
—down	—ethokēga ethohiga	—ऐथकेंगा —ऐथहिंगा
Lazy	—kayu	—कायु
Leader	—heta	—हेता
Leaf	—asinapra	—आसिनाप्रा
Leap	—doga	—दगा
Learn	—ahitoga	—आहितगा
Leather	—ko kopra	—क —कप्रा
Leave	—mepaga ahega	—मेपागा —आहेगा
Leech	—kape	—कापे
Leek	—elomprā	—ऐलम्प्रां
Left	—lakke	—लाक्के
Leg	—anggesa	—आङ्गेसा
—(fore)	—at-to	—आत-त
—(hind)	—anggesa	—आङ्गेसा
Leg pain	—anggesa nya	—आङ्गेसा जा

Lemon	—sinkene	—सिनूकेने
Lend	—daga	—दागा
Leopard	—amra jogere	—आम्रा जगेरे
Leprosy	—tidi	—तिदि
Level	—ambya	—आम्बया
Lick	—alyaga	—आल्यागा
Lid	—clōko	—अलंक
Lie (tell lie)	—ikipi laga	—इकिपि लगा
Lie (down)	—higa khaga	—हिगा खागा
Life	—misi	—मिस
Light (n)	—cō	—चं
—(adj)	—he	—हे
—(vb)	—ajiga	—आजिगा
Lightning	—arabo	—आराब
—flash	—abrulice	—आबरुलिचे
Like	—wiji	—विजि
—(vb)	—esyasyiga	—ऐस्यास्यिगा
Line, fishing	—ambraga	—आम्बरागा
Lip (lower)	—akabi	—आकाबि
—(upper)	—enobru	—ऐनूब्रु
Liquor	—yu-ara	—यु-आरा
—vat	—yu indu	—यु इन्दु
Listen	—ahūga	—आहुंगा
Little	—icige	—अिचिगे

	—iciya	—जिच्छा
Live	—misiga	—मिसिगा
Liver	—hu	—हु
Lizard	—akotre	—आकतरे
Loam	—ili-akō	—जिलि-आकं
Loan	—awa	—आवा
Lobe, ear	—akōsu lomu	—आकंसु लमु
Locket	—awikawi tampili	—जाविकावि —ताम्पिलि
Loft	—adri lya ò	—आद्रि ल्या अं
Loin	—isigombo	—अिसिंगम्ब
Loin cloth	—lawē hasi	—लावे हासि
Lonely	—nyuyapa	—जुयापा
Long	—kalō	—कालं
—ago	—béya	—वेधा
Look	—athuga	—आथुगा
—after	—athu amega	—आथु आमेगा
—like	—athuji-wiji	—आथुजि-विजि
Loom	—acitā	—आचिता
Loose	—kahega	—काहेगा
	—thrāga	—थ्रांगा
Loosen	—kahega	—काहेगा
Lose	—abitega	—आबितेगा ?
Loud	—rōprati	—रंप्राति
Louse	—thru	—थूरु

<b>Love</b>	—wuthu wuga	—වුතු වුගා
<b>Lover</b>	—wuthu wuyiga	—වුතු වුරියා
<b>Lungi</b>	—thuwē hasi	—තුවේ තාසි
<b>Lungs</b>	—anapū	—ආනාපු.

### “M”

<b>Mad</b>	---ashame	—आशामे
<b>Magic</b>	—achachi	—आच्छांछि
<b>Magician</b>	—achachi ajiyiga	—आच्छांछि आजियिगा
<b>Maize</b>	—ambo	—आमूब
<b>Make</b>	—ajiga	—आजिगा
<b>Malaria</b>	—anggo	—आङ्ग
	ngi	—डि.
	a-o	—आ-अ
<b>Mate</b>	—arō	—आरं
	angonge	—आङ्गों
<b>Man</b>	—imu	—अिमु
—elderly	—meya	—मेया
—married	—meya	—मेया
—middle age	—me-a	—मे-आ
<b>Mane</b>	—thōsibbi	—थंसिब्बि
<b>Mango (fruit)</b>	—injusi	—अिन्जुसि
—(tree)	—injumbo	—अिन्जुमूब्

Manure	—ilikhí ne	—बिलिखि ने
Manuring	—ilikhí ne hāga	—बिलिखि ने हांगा
Many	—paca	—पाचा
	—tando	—तानूद
	—halige	—हालिगे
Mare	—mawō-kru	—मावं-क्रु
Market	—*bujar	—बाजार
Marriage	—bri	—बूरि
—ceremony	—yaku atu	—याकु आतु
Married (male)	—yaku brihiba	—याकु ब्रिहिबा
—(female)	—icigoba	—अचिगबा
Marrow	—anu	—आतु
Marry	—briga	—ब्रिगा
Marsh	—iwi phirika	—अविफिरिका
Mask	—yejimiwiji	—येजिमिविजि
Mat	—apro	—आपूर
	—apri	—आपूरि
Matches	—amikhe	—आमिखे
Me	—nga	—डा
Measles	—anosu	—आनसु
Measure	—arē	—आरे
	—cu	—चु
Measuring (cup)	—cuneweya	—चुनेवेया पातिका
	• patika	
—(chunga)	—tirikange	—तिरिकाङे

—liquid	—ephroko	—जेफ्रक
Meat	— tambe	— ताम्बे
—basket	—tambe atutu	— ताम्बे आतुतु
Medicine	—tama	—तामा
—man	—igu	—िगु
Meek	—prasiprana	—प्रासिप्राना
Meet	—coraga	—चरगा
Melon	—asisi	—आसिसि
Melt	—yuga	—युगा
Memorial (stone)	—athuloye alyaprā	—आथुलये आल्याप्रां
Merchandise	—si-lo	—सि-ल
Merchant	—si-loya imu	—सि-लया इमु
Metal	—alyaprā lakalala	—आल्याप्रां लाकालाला
Midday	—inyi nyimbotiwi	—अिजि निम्बतिवि
Midnight	—bumiyi	—बुमियि
—after	—andunu ambomiyi	—आनदुनु आम्बमियि
Mile	—doba	—दबा
Milk	—nuci	—नुचि
Millet	—yamba	—याम्बा
Millipede	—ejari anggesa gila	—जेजारि आङ्गेसा गिला
Mingle	—akayuga —aluyuga	—आकायुगा —आलुयुगा

Mosquito	—alondrō	—आलन्द्रूरँ
Moss	—apūdu	—आपुंदु
Mother	—nani	—नानि
Mother-in-law	—ayu	—आयु
Mountain	—eya	—अेया
—range	—eya anggo	—अेया आङ्गा
Mourning	—inu	—अिनु
Mournful	—inuweya	—अिनुवेया
Moustache	—erōmo	—अेरंम
Mouth	—ekobé	—अेकबे'
Move	—de-ji	—दे-जि
Mucus, nasal	—thrilo	—थ्रिल
Mud	—cisrikhí	—चिस्‌रिखि'
Muddy	—cisrikhípa	—चिस्‌रिखि'पा
Mug	—kowebe	—कवेबे
Mule	—mawōba gado mane ala a	—मावंबा गाद माने आला आ
—track	—mawō a to	—मावं आ त
Murder	—mese	—मेसे
	—imu mese	—अिमु मेसे
	—iyu aji	—अियु आजि
Murderer	—iyu ajiya	—अियु आजिया
	—imu meseyiga	—अिमु मेसेयिगा
	—meseyiga	—मेसेयिगा
Muscle	—tho-anggo	—थ-आङ्गा

Mushroom (eatable)	—akupra	—आकुप्रा
	—akunu	—आकुनु
	—akulo	—आकंल
(poisonous)	—akuthu	—आकुथु
Music	—ase ahito	—आसे आहित
Musician	—ase asa	—आसे आसा
Mustard (seed)	—tusi	—तुसि
Button	—mazi ta	—माज़ि ता
Mirror	—arisi	—आरिसि
Mischief	—ipikhi	—अिपिखि
Mischievous	—ipikhi ajiyiga	—अिपिखि आजियिगा
Miserly	—ipici	—अिपिचि
Mistake	—yeha	—येहा
Mithun	—sa	—सा
—calf	—sa a	—सा आ
—cow	—sa kru	—सा करु
Mixture	—aluga	—आलुगा
	akaluga	—आकालुगा
Mock	—yetolarye	—येतलार्ये
	—esapē	—ऐसापे
Moist(en)	—ciya yega	—चिया येगा
Molasses	—rucī	—रुचि
Mole	—pecu o	—पेचु अ
Moment	—ecaca	—ऐचाका
in a moment	—ipitosige	—अिपितसिगे

Money	—paū	—पाअं
Monkey	— amye	—आम्‌ये
—tailless	— ambapaci imu	—आम्‌बापाचि अिमु
Month	— ella	—अेल्ला
Moon	—ella	—अेल्ला
—full	—ndambonyi (ella ndambonyi)	—नूदामबजि (अेल्ला नूदामबजि)
—half	—ebeteka (ella ebéteka)	—अेबेतेका (अेल्ला अेबेतेका)
—new	—emme (ella emme)	—अेम्‌मे (अेल्ला अेम्‌मे)
—waning	—ndaju (ella ndaju)	—नूदाजु (अेल्ला नूदाजु)
—waxing	—sici (ella sici)	—सिचि (अेल्ला सिचि)
Moonlight	—ella gōku	—अेल्ला गंकु
Moreover	—aliohōne	—आलिहोने
Morning	—anayama	—आनायामा
—this	—etanyi anayama	—अेतायि आनायामा
Mortar	—elobé	—अेलोबे'
Mourn	—inu-ga	—अिनु-गा
Mmourning	—inu	—अिनु
Muzzle	—aweta	—आवेता
My	—ngaci	—ङाचि
Myself	—ngaya	—ङाया

### “N”

Nail	—ahūko	—आहुंक
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Naked (female)	—thunga	—थुङ्गा
(male)	—langa	—लङ्गा
Name (n)	—amu	—आमु
—(vb)	—amu hāga	—आमु हांगा
Nape	—hundimbo	—हुनूदिम्ब
	—hundimriyika	—हुनूदिमरियिका
Narrate	—landohimi laga	—लानूदहिमि लागा
Narration	—landohimi	—लानूदहिमि
Narrow	—somtikhi	—समृतिखि
	—abrasu	—आब्रासु
Navel	—icibé	—जिचिबे'
Near	—manu	—मानु
Necessary	—aruda	—आरुदा
Neck	—sema	—सेम्बा
Necklace	—sisimbra	—सिसिम्बरा
Need	—aruda	—आरुदा
Needful	—arudambra	—आरुदाम्बरा
Needle	—akhra	—आखरा
—eye	—akhrandi	—आखरानूदि
Negotiator	—ahelaya	—आहेलाया
Neighbour	—awici-eyakā	—आविचि-अैयाका
Nephew	—adu meya	—आदु मेधा
Nest, birds	—pra su	—प्रा सु
Net	—sa	—सा
Never	—bigenimabunga	—बिगेनि माबु झा
Next	—imnta	—अिम्नता

—month	—imnta ella	—जिम्नता ऐल्ला
—week	—imnta hoptah	—जिम्नता हप्ताह
—year	—imnta inu	— अम्नता अनु
Niece	—adu miyā	—आदु मियां
Nightly	—eyamama	—ऐयामामा
Nine	—khini	—खिनि
Nineteen	—holokhini	—हलखिनि
Ninety	—khinihū	—खिनिहुं
Ninth	—khini	—खिनि
Nipple	—nocibra	—नचिब्रा
	—nobra	—नव्रा
Nod	—icuge ikuhutega	—अिचुगे अिकुहुतेगा
None	—isiyage mabu nga	—अिसियागे माबु डा
Noose	—akhreṁba	—आखरेम्बा
North	—alōnu/atunu	—आलंनु/आतुरु
Nose	—enambo	—अेनाम्ब
—ornament	—enaka	—ऐन का
—ridge	—enanggo	—ऐनाङ्गा
Nostril	—enabé	—अेनार्बे
Not	—nga/mi/gum/gumi	—डा/मि/गुम/गुमि
Nothing	—ijinga/ijimi/ ijigum/ijigumi	—अिजिङा/अिजिमि अिजिगुम/अिजिगुमि
Now	—ecaca	—अेकाचा
—up till	—ecajikhi/ecakeya/ alige liba/alige libapi	—अेचाजिखि/अेचाकेया/ आलिगे लिबा/आलिगे लिबपि

Nowhere	—ijimane mabu nga	—जिजिमाने माबु ंगा
Nut	—*tamul	—तामुल

“O”

Oar	—rebade rō lubu	—रेबादे/रं लुबु
Obedient	—lageca jōyi —ahūloyi	—लागेचा जंथि —आहुंल्यि
Obey	—ahūlōga	—आहुंलंगा
Occupy	—etaga	—अेतागा
Offend	—toryega	—तर्येगा
Offer	—khinu geba —mesega	—खिनु गेबा —मेसेगा
Often	—naminami	—नामिनामि
Oil	—ci	—चि
Old (animate)	—micipra	—मिचिप्रा
—(inanimate)	—me	—मे
Omen	—pramiwe prawe —athu	—प्रामिवे प्रावे —आथु
—bad	—elyē	—अेल्ये
—good	—pra	—प्रा
Once	—ahāmahō	—आहांमाहं
One	—khege	—खेगे
Onion	—elompra	—ओलम्प्रा

Only	—khepateya	—खेपातेया
Open (adj)	—muluku	—मुलुकू
	—holaku	—हलाकू
	—holandoni	—हलान्‌दनि
	—khuphani	—खुफानि
—(vb)	—polaga	—पलागा
Opium	—kanu	—कारु
Orange	—umtira	—अुम्तिरा
Order	—laga	—लगा
Ornaments	—ceddo anjiya	—चेद्दो आजीया
Orphan	—am̄tu	—आमितु
Outer	—ayacoci	—आयाचचि
Our	—inyici	—िजिचि
Ourselves	—inyiya	—िजिया
Outcast	—δk̄δ mane jī —awupa	—अंकं माने जिं —आवुपा
Outside	—ayaconu	—आयाचनु
Outsider	—ayacoci	—आयाचचि
Over	—ecalō	—ऐचालं
—eat	—hataṭe	—हाताते
—flow	—biga	—भिगा
Owl	—ephōlō	—ऐफळं
Own (adj)	—nyuya	—ञुया
—(vb)	—yega	—येणा

“P”

Pack	—kutuga	—कृतुगा
Paddy	—ke	—के
—husk	—ke roka	—के रका
Pain (ful)	—nya anemi	—जा आनेमि
Paint	—+ noksa ju ahito	—नक्सा जु आहित
—(n)	—*rong	—रङ्ग
—(vb)	—chuga	—छुगा
Palm	—lapo	—लाप
Palpitate	—apobra cõga	—आपब्रा चंगा
Pan	—acoka	—आचका
—frying	—aguphu	—आगुफु
Pangolin	—akusoro	—आकुसर
Pant	—manana sihala	—मानना सिहाला
	—awupaga	—आवुपागा
Paper	—+ kakopra	—काक्प्रा
Pardon	—ahilampaga	—आहिलाम्पागा
Part(ition)	—akraga	—आक्रागा
Part	—acege	—आचेगे
Pass	—ciga	—चिगा
Passage	—ekalu	—ओकालु
Past	—béya	—बेया
Pat	—anocoga	—आनचगा
Path	—alõ	—आलं

Paw	—ato ishūci waga	—आत इशुचि वागा
Pay	—awa hālagā	—आवा हालागा
Peak	—rūndi	—रून्दि
Pear	—*nachpoti	—नाष्पति
Peek	—lambōci piga	—लाम्बंचि पिगा
Peel	—kopra shregā	—कप्रा श्रेगा
Peep	—athukachiga	—आथुकाछिगा
Peevish	—laryege mangemi	—लार्येगे माडेमि
Peg	—sicu	—सिचु
Pellet	—icia tama-bra	—अिचिआ तामा-बूरा
Pepper	—minci	—मिनूचि
Perforate	—lopega	—लपेगा
Perform	—yega	—येगा
Pestle	—ihutō	—अिहुतं
Permit	—hāga	—हांगा
Perspire	—tici brōga	—तिचि ब्रंगा
Petal	—pína	—पिना
Phlegm	—atuthri	—आतुथ्रि
Pick(up)	—atega	—आतेगा
Piety	—anno go pra	—आनून-ग प्रा
Pig	—ilyi	—अिल्यि
—wild	—amme	—आम्‌मे
Pigeon	—peko	—पेक
	—praduku	—प्रादुकु
Piglet	—ilyi ekalu	—अिल्यि अेकालु

Pigsty	—arēnggo	—आरेंग्ग
Pill	—tama-bra	—तामा-ब्रा
Pillow	—akombo	—आकम्ब
Pin	—eroba	—ऐरोबा
(hair) of bamboo		
—of elephant	—at-tarū	—आत-तारू
tusk		
—for cloth	—enjuwi	—ऐन्जुवि
Pincers	—sicu icia atopra-	सिचु अिचिआ आतप्रा
Pinch	—upiga	—उपिगा
Pine (n)	—thro	—थ्रे
—(vb)	—tapakaga	—तापाकागा
—seed	—thro-si	—थ्रे-सी
—stick	—thro-di	—थ्रे-दि
Pipe, of bamboo	—awētō	—आवेतं
—iron	—siwetō	—सिवेतं
—smoking	—dāyāphu	—दायाफु
Pit trap	—bū	—बू
Pitable	—wusimia	—वुसिमिआ
Pity	—wusimi	—वुसिमि
Place (n)	—i-mu	—अि-मु
—(vb)	—akhaga	—आखागा
Plains	—limbo	—लिम्ब
Plains people	—limbo imu	—लिम्ब अिमु
Plait	—andrōho akuta-	—आन्द्रोह आकुता

Plane	—ambrā	—आम्बरा
Plank	—asipra pra-kaci	—आसिप्रा प्रा-काचि
Plant (n)	—nuyi-brayi	—नुयि-ब्रायि
—(vb)	—liga	—लिंगा
Planting	—paku	—पाकु
Plate	—aruku	—आरुकु
Plateau	—eya limbo	—ऐया लिम्ब
Play (n)	—tarō	—तारं
—(vb)	— tarōga	— तारंगा
Please	—pra yega	—प्रा येगा
Pleasure	—aruji	—आरुजि
Plenty	—imbige	—अिम्बिगे
Plough (n)	—kālapō	—कालपू
—(vb)	—kāлага	—कालगा
Pluck	—ambe apobra	—आम्बे आपब्रा
	—an-apū imihu	—आन-आपु जिमिहु
	ayahruji	आयाह्रुजि
—fruit	—phrega	—फ्रेगा
—vegetable	—utaga	—उतागा
Plug (bamboo)	—akōsu	—आकंसु
Point (n)	—ndicola	—नृदिचला
—(vb)	—ethōga	—अेथंगा
Pointed	—ndicola	—नृदिचला
Poison (n)	—mra	—म्रा
—(vb)	—mraci mesega	—म्राचि मेसेगा

Poisonous	—mra anemi	—मूरा आनेमि
Pole	—atopō	—आतपं
Pool	—maci akōkā	—माचि आकंक्हा
Poor	—endo	—अनुद्
Poppy	—kanu tō	—कानु तं
Porch	—adaku	—आदाकु
Porcupine	—achō	—आछं
Pork	—ilyi tambe	—अिल्यि तामूबे
Potter	—agu giya	—आगु गिया
Possessed	—yega	—येगा
Post	—andombo	—आनुदमूब
—main	—atyiaatho	—आत्यिआथ
—side	—ammo	—आमूम
—below the floor	—ando	—आनुद
Pot	—acoka	—आचका
Potato	—gesi	—गेसि
—sweet	—geja	—गेजा
Potter, clay	—ilikhí acoka	—अिलिखि आचका
	—ajiyiga	—आजियिगा
Pottery, clay	—ilikhíci ajila	—अिलिखिचि आजिला
	—acoka	—आचका
Pouch	—akuci	—आकुचि
Poultry	—ōkōci eto, etogerēbū, peko ayahruji	—अंकंचि अेत, ऐतगेरेबुं, पेक आयाहरुजि

Pound (v)	—hanji	—हानूजि
pounder, rice	—ke hanjiyiga	—के हानूजियिगा
Pounding table (of stone)	—ephrē	—अेफ्रे
of wood	—elobé	—ऐलबे
Pour	—úga	—अुगा
Powder	—tō	—तं
Pox	—bro	—ब्र
	—anochu	—आनछु
Praise	—norōga	—नरंगा
Prayer	—anno khūga	—आनन् खुंगा
Pregnancy	—apugiga	—आपुगिगा
Pregnant	—apugi	—आपुगि
Prepare	—ahunjiga	—आहुनूजिगा
Preserve	—bíga	—बिंगा
Pretend	—yejimi wiji yega	—येजिमि विजि येगा
Price	—ryē	—र्ये
Prick	—tano	—तान
Priest	—igu	—इगु
—junior	—tamro	—ताम्र
Principal	—heta	—हेता
Printing	—*chopa jō	—छपा ज़
Prison	—*thona	—थना
Promise (n)	—ase	—आसे
Prongs	—adroda	—आद्वरदा

Prop	—drōga	—द्रंगा
Proper(ly)	—pra(a)ne	—प्रा(आ)ने
Property	—idi-awū	—अिदि-आवूं
Propitiate	—arujiba yega	—आरुजिबा येगा
Propitiation	—aruji	—आरुजि
Proposal	—ekobé hā	—ऐकबे' हां
Proposal of marriage	—yaku briwe ekobé hā	—याकु ब्रिवे ऐकबे' हां
Puberty	—cuphrombro	—चुफ्रम्ब्र
Public	—orine imu	—अरिने इमु
Pumpkin	—cekapū	—चेकापुं
Punch	—ih-ga	—अह-गा
Pungent	—khu	—खु
	—po-ka	—प-का
—smell	—nopratomi	—नप्रातमि
Punishment	—ahite	—आहिते
Pupil	—*poriya a	—परिया आ
Puppy	—iku a	—िकु आ
Purchased	—lola	—लला
Purity	—dunikiki	—दुनिकिकि
Purloin	—gikuga	—गिकुगा
Pursue	—ahepigā	—आहेपिगा
Pus	—nya-adu ekobé	—जा-आदु ऐकबे'
Push	—ih-ga	—अह-गा
	—nyiga	—निगा
Put (to set)	—akhaga	—आखागा

Putrid	—chī, kha, elyē no	—ਛਿ, ਖਾ, ਅੇਲ੍ਹੋਂ ਨ
Python	—brōwō	—ਬ੍ਰਾਵਂ

### “Q”

Quail (v)	—riga	—ਰਿਗਾ
Quarrel (in talking)	—khoga	—ਖਗਾ
—(in action)	—andoga	—ਆਨ੍ਦੁਗਾ
Quarrelsome	—khochiya	—ਖ਼ਬਿਧਾ
	—andochiya	—ਆਨ੍ਦਖ਼ਿਧਾ
Quarter	—ō	—ਅੰ
Quick	—dokumi	—ਦਕੁਮਿ
Quickly	—dokumine	—ਦਕੁਮਿਨੇ
Quietly	—piane	—ਪਿਆਨੇ
	masa(a)ne	—ਮਾਸਾ(ਆ)ਨੇ
Quill	—muana	—ਮੁਆਨਾ
Quiver	—ela-ā	—ਅੇਲਾ-ਆ

### “R”

Rack	—anjiya adago	—ਆਨ੍ਜਿਧਾ ਆਦਾਗ
Rafter	—amaka	—ਆਮਾਕਾ

Raid	—andomoga	—आनूदमगा
Rain	—ayayo	—आयाय
Rainbow	—ahi	—आहि
Rainshield	—ayayo ali	—आयाय आलि
Ransom (n)	—cā	—चाँ
—(vb)	—paū hāne cābitoga	—पाऊं हाने चाँबितगा
Rarely	—bípani	—बिपानि
Rat	—asanggo	—आसाङ्ग
Reach	—pega	—पेगा
(to arrive)		
to attain	—khiga	—खिगा
extend	—hācaga	—हांचागा
up	—pejimu	—पेजिमु
Read	—poriga	—परिगा
Real	—manji	—मानूजि
Really	—anjiteca	—आनूजितेचा
Reaping	—ketri	—केत्रि
	—kesi	—केसि
Rebirth	—a-lampaga	—आ-लामूपागा
Recitation	—athumine la	—आथुमिने ला
Recognize	—athu asaga	—आथु आसागा
Recount	—thrulampa	—थ्रुलाम्पा
Refusal	—ngawe	—डावे
(marriage)		

	—ethromiwe	—अेथ्रमिवे
<b>Refuse</b>	—ngada laga	—डांदा लागा
<b>Remain</b>	—mojiga	—मजिगा
<b>Remember</b>	—wupete ga	—वुपेतेगा
<b>Remind</b>	—utiga	—अुतिगा
<b>Renunciation</b>	—mepa	—मेपा
<b>Repair</b>	—apraka	—आपूरागा
<b>Repay</b> (of debt)	—hālaga	—हांलागा
<b>Repeat</b>	—lalampa	—लालामूपा
<b>Reply</b>	—ladaga	—लादागा
<b>Representation</b>	—hali ekobé la	—हालि अेकबे' ला
<b>Reptile</b>	—liyiga ambe eba	—लियिगा आम्बे अेबा
<b>Resemble</b>	—eba jiga yega	—अेबा जिगा येगा
<b>Rest (n)</b>	—na	—ना
—(vb)	—naga	—नागा
<b>Restriction</b>	—ta	—ता
<b>Restrict</b>	—taga	—तागा
<b>Retreat</b>	—agure	—आगुरे
<b>Return</b>	—i-lampa	—अि-लामूपा
<b>Reveal</b>	—imuchō lekēga	—अिमुछं लेकेंगा
<b>Rheum</b>	—atuthri	—आतुथूरि
	—andikhi	—आनूदिखि
<b>Ribs</b>	—subrupra	—सुबूरुप्‌रा
<b>Rice</b>	—ke-ku	—के-कु
—basket	—asino	—आसिन

—fermented	—nyaga	—जागा
--flake	—ke anjo	—के आन्‌ज
—husk	—ke hanji	—के हानूजि
—pounder	—hanjiyiga	—हानूजियिगा
—tray	—epe	—अेपे
Rich	—eho	—अहे
Ridge (of nose)	—enanggo	—अेनाङ्गा
Right	—eca	—अेचा
—side of house	—ō ecanu	—अं अेचानु
Rind	—kopra	—कप्रा
Ring	—atacho	—आताछ
Ringworm	—taruge	—तारुगे
Ripe	—ta-rya	—ता-र्या
Rise of sun	—lōga	—लंगा
—get up	—jōloga	—जंलगा
Rival	—emagaya imu	—अेमागाया इमु
River	—maci aphra	—माचि आफ्रा
Road	—ilindo	—अिलिन्द
Roar	—hū-ga ; khra-ga	—हुं-गा, ख्रा-गा
Roast	—akaga	—आकागा
	—mu-ga	—मु-गा
Rocky place	—alyaprupo	—आल्याप्राप
Rod	—apō	—आपं
	—atopō	—आतपं

Rodent	—lā ra gila ambe	—लां रा गिला आम्‌बे
Roof	—ko	—क
Room	—nu	—नु
—delivery	—a-amukō	—आ-आमुकं
—disease	—embreya khamu	—ऐम्‌ब्रेया खामु
—front	—agra	—आग्रा
—guest	—karu jimu	—कारु जिमु
—store	—phiri	—फिरि
Root	—ripi	—रिपि
Rope	—alyabra	—आल्याब्रा
Rot	—chīga	—छिंगा
Rotten	—chība	—छिंबा
Rough	—bosoboro	—बसबर
Round	—toloku	—तलकु
—of house	—epenge	—ऐपेंगे
Rug	—idubu	—इदुबु
Rumination	—hama	—हामा
Run	—thruغا	—थ्रुगा
Rust	—ma-rya	—मा-र्या

“S”

Sacred	—dunikiki	—दुनिकिकि
—pillar	—andombo	—आनूदम्‌ब

Sacrifice	—khinu geba mese/ce	—खिनु गेबा मैसे/चे
—mithun	—khinu geba sa mese/ce	—खिनु गेबा सा मैसे/चे
Sacrificial post	—khinu geba mesene/cene ambopō	—खिनु गेबा मैसेने/चेने आम्‌बपं
Shrine	—khinu jimu	—खिनु जिमु
Sad	—alu-inu	—आलु-जिनु
Safe	—ali	—आलि
Saliva	—elolo	—अेलल
(falling of saliva)	—elobiduya(ga)	—अेलबिद्युयागा
Salt	—prā	—प्रां
—strainer	—jari	—जारि
Sand	—apiku	—आपिकु
Sap	—asithri	—आसिथ्रि
Satisfaction	—ethrōto	—अेथ्रंत
Satisfy	—ethrōtoga	—अेथ्रंतगा
Satisfied	—ethrōtohiba	—अेथ्रंतहिबा
Save	—bīga	—बिंगा
Saw (n)	—*ara	—आरा
—(vb)	—ngega	—डेगा
Sawing	—ara nge	—आरा डे
Say	—laga	—लागा

<b>Scabbard</b>	—abrebro	—आब्रेब्र
<b>Scabies</b>	—maso	—मास
<b>Scale (fish)</b>	—kolipra	—कलिप्रा
<b>Scalp</b>	—ekoko	—अंकक
<b>Scatter</b>	—alisa	—आलिसा
<b>(in arranging)</b>		
<b>(in sowing)</b>	—phu alisa	—फु आलिसा
<b>Scent</b>	—hino	—हिन
<b>Scissors</b>	—lesibí	—लेसिबि
<b>Scold</b>	—aprēga	—आपरेंगा
	—āci (a) loga	—आंचि (आ) लगा
<b>Scraper</b>	—thru akutoyiga	—थ्रु आकुत्यिगा
<b>Scratch</b>	—waga	—वागा
<b>Scream</b>	—aserōga	—आसेरंगा
	—graga	—ग्रागा
<b>Scythe</b>	—apisu ngene lesibí	—आपिसु डेने लेसिबि
<b>Search</b>	—alaga	—आलागा
<b>Season</b>	—lōsō	—लंसं
<b>Second</b>	—khege apōlō	—खेगे आपलं
<b>Secret</b>	—mathu	—माथु
<b>Security</b>	—talu	—तालु
<b>(against loan)</b>		
<b>See</b>	—athuga	—आथुगा
<b>Seed</b>	—apri	—आप्रि
<b>Seedling</b>	—bra a	—ब्रा आ

Seek	—alaga	—आलागा
Segregation room	—angi nu	—आङ्गि नु
Seize	—roga	—रगा
Selection	—kē	—के
Selling	—ammeye	—आम्‌मेये
Send	—ahega	—आहेगा
Sensation	—wusato	—वृशात्
Sense	—wusa	—वृसा
Separate	—tota yega	—तता येगा
Servant	—epo	—अेप
Seven	—iū	—अिजुं
Seventeen	—holoiū	—हलअिजुं
Seventh	—iū	—अिजुं
Seventy	—iūhū	—अिजुंहुं
Sewing	—ro jō	—र जं
Sewing articles	—roneweya anjiya	—रनेवेया आन्‌जिया
Shade	—tala	—ताला
	—inyimu	—अिजिमु
Shady side of the hill	—eya inyimuga dunu	—ऐया अिजिमुगा दुनु
Shake	—ahuga	—आहुगा
	—bihuga	—बिहुगा
—hand	—todaga	—तदागा
Shallow	—naci	—नाचि

<b>Sharp</b>	—ra	—रा
<b>Sharpen</b>	—ra ajiga	—रा आजिगा
<b>Sharpen</b>	—phiga	—फिगा
<b>Shave</b>	—yulaga	—युलागा
<b>She</b>	—aya	—आया
<b>Shell (egg)</b>	— roka	—रका
—nut	—roka	—रका
<b>Shield</b>	—alli	—आल्लि
<b>Shin (bone)</b>	—anggesa (a) ci rūmbo	—आङ्गेसा (आ) चि रूम्बो
<b>Shingle ( thin pieces of wood use for roofing)</b>	—asipra basakhi	—आसिप्रा बासाखि
—(stone)	—alōsubra	—आलंसुब्रा
<b>Shirt</b>	kamij	—कामिज्
<b>Shoal</b>	—anga arū	—आङ्गा आरू
<b>Shoe</b>	—enno	—ऐन्नो
<b>Shoot</b>	—oga	—ओगा
<b>Shop</b>	—dukani	—दुकानि
<b>Shopkeeper</b>	—dukani yejigo	—दुकानि येधिग
<b>Short</b>	—kato	—कात
<b>Shortage</b>	—kheco	—खेच
<b>Shoulder</b>	—ilyipā	—इल्लिपां
—blade	—ilyipā akutulu	—इल्लिपां आकुतुलु
<b>Shout</b>	—aserōga	—आसेरंगा
	—graga	—ग्रागा

Show	—ekēga	—अेकेंगा
Shrine	—khinu jimu	—खिनु जिमु
Shrub	—asimili	—आसिमिलि
Shut	—lokhōga	—लखंगा
Shy	—alupito	—आलुपित
Sick	—embrē	—अेम्ब्रे
Sickle	—gasi	—गासि
Sickly	—prē nga	—प्रे ङा
Sickness	—embrēciya	—अेम्ब्रेचिया
Side (of house)	—epenge	—अेपेंगे
—post	—ammo	—आम्‌म
Sieve	—jari	—जारि
(beer strainer)	—aji	—आजि
Silver	—candi	—चानूदि
Sin	—iyucu-enyagra	—इयुचु-अजाग्रा
Sinful	—iyucu-enyagra brū	—इयुचु-अन्याग्रा ब्रू
Sing	—asega	—आसेगा
Single	—khepateya	—खेपातेया
Sister	—athi	—आथि
—in-law	—enna	—अेनूना
wife's sister	—enna	—अेनूना
husband's sister	—enna	—अेनूना
brother's wife	—enna	—अेनूना
Sit	—jiga	—जिगा

Sitting block	—akosipra	—आकसिप्रा
—platform	—acapra	—आचाप्रा
	—kemka	—केम्का
Six	—tahro	—ताहर
Sixteen	—holohro	—हलहर
Sixth	—tahro	—ताहर
Sixty	—tayahū	—तायाहुं
Skeleton	—rōmbopo	—रम्बप
Skin (n)	—kopra	—कप्रा
—(vb)	—kopra shrega	—कप्रा श्रेगा
Skirt	—tā/pahi	—तां/पाहि
Skull	—ikuya rokapo	—अिकुया रकाप
Sky	—imudu	—अिमुदु
Slap	—abiga	—आबिगा
Slave	—epo	—ऐप
Sleeping place	—himu	—हिमु
Sleep	—hi	—हि
Sling	—alyapra laneweya adrapo	—आल्याप्रा लानेवेया आद्राप
Slip	—brega	—ब्रेगा
Slope	—ayuma	—आयुमा
	—phrememe	—फ्रेमेमे
Sloping	—phrememe	—फ्रेमेमे
Slow(ly)	—masamasa	—मासामासा
Small	—icia	—अिचिआ

Small pox	—bro	—बूर
Smash	—duthruhimi ajiga	—दुथ्रुहिमि आजिगा
Smear	—nyiga	—जिगा
Smell	—noga	—नगा
Smile	—nuga	—नुगा
Smith	—atoya	—आतया
Smithy	—atokō	—आतकं
Smoke (n)	—amukhu	—आमुखु
—(vb)	—amukhu būga	—आमुखु बुंगा
dry meat	—kuga	—कुगा
dry on heat	—asāga	—आसांगा
Smooth	—banunu	—बानुनु
Snail	— anambo —jogyaya	—आनाम्ब —जग्याया
Snake	—tabu	—ताबू
—green	—abupra	—आबुप्रा
—poisonous	—etā	—अेतां
—water	—bēka	—बे का
Sneeze	—anaciga	—आनाचिगा
Sniff	—sikhōtega	—सिहंतेगा
Snick	—icuge nya yega	—अिचुगे जा येगा
Snore	—hibroga	—हिह्रगा
Snout	—enapū	—अेनापुं
Snow	—pō	—पं
So	—aline	—आलिने
Soak	—mapega	—मापगा

Society	—awica	—आविचा
Soft	—banunu	—बानुनु
	—kapekale	—कापेकाले
Soil (n)	—ilikhi	—जिलिखि
—(vb)	—ilikhi ne yega	—अिलिखि ने येगा
—barren	—ilikhi sākali	—अिलिखि सांकालि
—fertile	—ilikhi ciru	—जिलिखि चिरु
Solid	— grō	—ग्रं
Some	—brage	—ब्रागे
Someone	—brageme	—ब्रागेमे
Something	—isiyaji	—अिसियाजि
Sometimes	—bípani	—बिपानि
Son	—a-meya	—आ-मेया
Son-in-law	—emo	—ऐम
Song	—ase	—आसे
Soot	—nuku	—नुकु
Sore	—yagu	—यागु
Sorrow	—inu	—अिनु
Soul	—hosō	—हसं
Sound	— khra	—ख्रा
Soup	—tambe ci	—ताम्बे चि
Sour	—srupra	—स्रूप्रा
South	—ibudō/ceto	—अिबुदुं/चेत
Sow (female pig)	—ilyi-kru	—अिल्यि-क्रु
Spade	—pakuru	—पाकुरु
Spark	—amiala	—आमिआला

Sparrow	—pramosa	—प्रामसा
Spawn	—anga acu	—आडा आचु
Speak	—thoga	—थगा
Spinster	—ici nga ; imume biyijimi	—अिचि डा ; अिमुमे बियिजिमि
<b>Spirit</b> (supernatural)		
evil		
—of jungle	—asha khinu	—आशा खिनु
—of mountain	—gōlo khinu	—गंल खिनु
—of war	—aruya	—आरुया
—of water	—b̄uru khinu	—बूरुरु खिनु
—of destruction	—inyialaphi	—अिन्जिआलाफि
good		
—of creation	—asōsō	—आसंसं
—of house	—khinu meko	—खिनु मेक
—of agriculture	—apesa miyā	—आपेसा मियां
—of wealth	—asha dorō	—आशा दरं
Spirit (liquor)	—yu-ara	—यु-आरा
Spittle	—eloto	—अेलत
Spleen	—ilyipra	—जिल्घिप्रा
Split	—cipholaga	—चिफ्लागा
Spoil	—yehalyēga	—येहाल्येंगा
Spoon	—adrupra	—आद्रुप्रा
Spoor	—brayapra sūga	—व्रायाप्रा सुंगा
Spear	—ap-pa	—आप-पा
Spider	—iphingga	—जिफिङ्गा

—web	—iphisā	—अिफिसां
Spill	—úlaga	—अुलागा
Spin	—natya tāga	—नात्या तांगा
Spindle	—nyambo	—आम्ब
Spine	—isigōmbo	—अिसिंम्ब
Spinning wheel	—natya tāgo	—नात्या तांग
Spinster	—imume briyijini	—इमुमे ब्रियिजिमि
Spirit (supernatural)	—khinu	—खिनु
	—achachi	—आचाचि
Sprinkle	—ú alisaga	—अु आलिसागा
Spur	—mawō dipu jihihōne anggesama soyiga anjiya	—मावं दिपु जिहिहने आङ्गेसामा सोयिगा अंजिया
Squeeze (to tear)—ritaga (squeeze of cloth)—riciga		—रितागा —रिचिगा
Squirrel	—ake —adaka —kusunge	—आके —आदाका —कुसुंगे
Stab	—prōga	—प्रंगा
Stable	—jiku —khaku	—जिकु —खाकु
Stagnant (water)—nda		—नूदा
Staircase	—dophrē	—दफ्टरे

<b>Stand</b>	—dega	—देगा
—of lamp	—saki	—साकि
<b>Star</b>	—andikru	—आनूदिक्‌रु
—evening	—anurū andikru	—आनुरुं आनूदिक्‌रु
—morning	—anayama andikru	—आनायामा आनूदिक्‌रु
<b>Startle</b>	—asuyiga	—आसुयिगा
<b>Striker</b>	—adoyiga	—आद॒यिगा
<b>Stem</b>	—haro	—हार
<b>Step</b>	—khro	—ख्र
<b>Stick (n)</b>	—atobra	—आतब्रा
—(vb)	—nyoga	—न्यगा
<b>Sting (n)</b>	—ili	—िलि
—(vb)	—iciga	—जिचिगा
<b>Stink</b>	—nongithuga	—नडिथुगा
<b>Stomach</b>	—yāpū	—यांपुं
—ache	—yāko nyaga	—यांक जागा
<b>Stone</b>	—alyaprā	—आल्याप्रां
<b>Stool (excreta)</b>	—khi	—खि
—(seat)	—tul	—तुल्
<b>Stoop</b>	—jōta uga	—जंता अगा
<b>Stroke</b>	—kōga	—कंगा
<b>Strong</b>	—prē	—प्रे
<b>Stump</b>	—etombo	—अेतम्‌ब
<b>Substitute</b>	—khege Yugama adaga	—खेगे युगामा आदाणा

Suck	—doga	—दगा
Suckle	—noci ecoga	—नचि अेचगा
Sudden(ly)	—manana	—मानाना
Suffer	—nyega/píga	—जेगा/पिंगा
Sfficient	—prawege	—प्रावेगे
Sugar	—seni	—सेनि
Suicide	—mesecito	—मेसेचित
Summit	—ecayando	—अेचायान्द
Son	—ameya	—आमेया
Sunny side of hill	—inyi lōga dunu eya	—जिजि लंगा दुनु अेया
Sunray	—inyiabru	—अिजिआब्रु
Sunrise	—inyilō	—अिजिलं
Sunset	—inyidā	—यिजिदां
Support	—drōga	—दरंगा
Surely	—manji(a)ne	—मानूजि(आ)ने
Surrender	—ayocitoga	—आयचितगा
Swallow (n) —(vb)	—abi —abiga	—आबि —आबिगा
Swear	—aseyega	—आसेयेगा
Sweat (n) —(vb)	—tici —tici brōga	—तिचि —तिचि ब्रंगा
Sweep	—appega	—आपूपेगा
Sweet	—su	—सु
—potato	—geja	—गेजा

Swell	—prūga	—परुंगा
Swim	—maci waga	—माचि वागा
—of fish	—anga thruga	—आड़ा थ्रुगा
Sword	—abrepra	—आब्रेप्रा
Symptom	—embre cialō	—ऐम्बरे चिआल

## “I”

Taboo	—angi	—आङ्डि
Tadpole	—payipra a	—पायिप्रा आ
	—pāho a	—पांह आ
	—pakapra a	—पाकाप्रा आ
Tail	—imina	—अिमिना
	—khimina	—खिमिना
—tuft	—iminapū	—अिमिनापुं
	—khiminapū	—खिमिनापुं
Take (to get hold)	—anggoga	—आङ्गगा
(to accept)	—graga	—ग्रागा
Tale	—taju	—ताजु
Talk	—cicaga	—चिचागा
	—ahuga	—आहुगा
Tall (long)	—kalō	—कालं
(high)	—hiru	—हिरु
Tame (adj)	—mela	—मेला
—vb	—mega	—मेगा

Tank	—iwi	—जिवि
Tape	—*phita	—फिता
Terget	—owe esala	—अवे अेसाला
Taro	—Sōsumbū	—संसुम्बुँ
Taste	—adu-alanggoga —yengge cine athuga	—आदु-आलाङ्गगा —येंग्गचिने आथुगा
Tasty	—hapraga	—हाप्रागा
Tattoo	—pecu	—पेचु
—chin	—etamrama pecu ola	—अेताम्रामा पेचु ओला
—forehead	—aprāhama pecu ola	—आप्राहामा पेचु ओला
Tea	—sayā	—सायां
Teach	—ahiga	—आहिगा
Tear	—ibibra	—जिबिरा
Tell	—laga	—लागा
Ten	—hū	—हुं
Tenth	—hū	—हुं
Third	—kanyi apōlō	—काजि आपलं
Terminate	—ambrō awupaga	—आम्बरो आवुपागा
Terrace	—endo ilikhi panggo	—ऐन्द अिलिखि पाड़ग
That	—ahiya	—आहिया
Thatch	—ako ko	—आक क

They	—ayahruji	—आयाहरुजि
(pl. of she or he)		
Then	—ayago	—आयग
	—aya imnta	—आया अमन्ता
There	—ahima	—आहिमा
	—ahiya(a)	—आहिया(आ)
Therefore	—aline	—आलिने
	—ali gebane	—आलि गेबाने
These	—ecahruji	—ऐचाहरुजि
They	—ecahruji/	—ऐचाहरुजि/
	ayahruji	आयाहरुजि
Thick (density)	—tali	—तालि
—(jungle)	—mriyimi	—मृश्यिमि
Thief	—akuya	—आकुया
Thigh	—anuwepū	—आनुवेपुं
Thin (slender)	—basakhi	—बासाखि
—(sickly)	—tapaka	—तापाका
Thing	—anjiya	—आन्जिया
Think	—wusaga	—वुसागा
Thirsty	—sāpraci	—सांप्राचि
Thirty	—asohū	—आसहुं
Thirteen	—holoso	—हलस
This	—eca	—ऐचा
	—ala(a)	—आला(आ)
Thorn	—tano	—तान
Thorny	—tanopa	—तानपा

Those	—ayahruji —ahiyahruji	—आयाहृजि —आहियाहृजि
Thou (sg)	—nyu	—ञु
Though	—cime	—चिमे
Thousand	—*ejari	—अेजारि
Thread	—nyambya	—जाम्ब्या
Three	—kasō	—कास
Thresh	—aryega —chiga	—आर्येगा —छिगा
Threshold	—akhelondo	—आखेलॅन्द
Thrice	—biso	—बिस
Throat	—erõlõ	—अेरंलं
Through	—kõkõnu	—कंकंनु
Throw	—lapaga	—लापागा
Thumb	—atambo	—आताम्ब
Thunder	—arabo	—आराब
—storm	—alunyi-ammeya, —abruli-ce	—आलुजि-आम्मेया, —आब्रुलि-चे
Thus	—iliwiji	—अिलिविजि
Tick	—inyigori khra	—अिन्हिगरि ख्रा
Tickle	—giriciga	—गिरिचिगा
Tie	—amboga —cepaga	—आम्बगा —चैपागा
Tiger	—amra	—आम्‌रा
Tight	—khrega	—ख्रेगा
Tighten	—khreh cepaga	—ख्रेह् चैपागा

Timber	—asimbo	—आसिम्ब
Time	—lōsō	—लंसं
—any	—isiya sondō	—अिसिया सन्द
Tinder	—amrohu tane	—आम्रहु ताने
Tine	—la	—ला
	—ishundi	—अिशुनूदि
Tobacco (local)	—dayā	—दायाँ
—leaf	—dayā napra	—दायाँ नाप्रा
—powder	—dayā tō	—दायाँ तं
—(imported)	—yamo	—याम
To-day	—etanyi	—ऐताजि
—morning	—etanyi auayama	—ऐताजि आनायामा
Toe	—athropa	—आथ्रपा
Tomato	—anasru tumpili	—आनास्रु तुम्पिलि
Tomorrow	—anaya	—आनाया
—morning	— anaya anayama	—आनाया आनायामा
—night	—anaya abunyi	—आनाया आबुजि
—day after	—anayanga	—आनायाङा
—two days	—asinyi	—आसिजि
<b>after</b>		
—three days	—anonyi	—आनजि
<b>after</b>		
Tongs	—atopra	—आतप्रा
Tongue	—ilina	—अिलिना

Tonight	—abunyi	—आबुजि
Tooth	—tāmbo	—तांम्‌ब
—back	—tājambo	—तांजाम्‌ब
—front	—tāje	—तांजे
Toothache	—tā-na	—तां-ना
Top of, on	—ecalō	—अेचालं
Tortoise	—ichimbu	—जिछिम्‌बु
Touch	—acōga	—आचंगा
	—alonggoga	—आलङ्गगा
	—banggoga	—बाङ्गगा
Track	—esa	—अेसा
Trap(n), of rock	—dreprō dra	—द्रेरेप्‌रं द्रा
—spring	—giri dra	—गिरि द्रा
—pit type	—bū	—बुं
—noose	—akhimbrā	—आखिम्‌बूरां
—spear type	—ladra	—लाद्रा
—box type	—thrōdra	—थ्रंद्रा
—angle type	—adrapo dra	—आद्राप द्रा
Travel	—agurega	—आगुरेगा
Tray	—aruku	—आरकु
	—thali	—थालि
—hearth	—at-tō	—आत-तं
—over at-to	—andu	—आन्‌दु
—over andu (celling)	—apō	—आपं

Tread(v)	—ciga	—चिंगा
	—aguga	—आगुगा
—out water	—nyaciga	—जाचिंगा
Treat(ment)	—iku-awu	—अिकु-आवु
Treaty	—ekobé lajūga	—ओकबे लाजुंगा
Tree	—asimbo	—आसिम्ब
Tremble	—amuga	—आमुगा
Trespass	—hūmaga	—हुंमागा
Trial	—seci	—सेचि
	—etho-se	—अैथ-से
Tribe	—eba	—ओबा
Trick	—ipikhi	—जिपिखि
Triple	—lyaso	—ल्यास
Tripod (of stone)	—ekombo	—अंकम्‌ब
(of iron)	—sikombo	—सिकम्‌ब
Trough	—aguphu	—आगुफु
Trousers	—lambo	—लाम्‌ब
True	—anji	—आन्‌जि
	—manji	—गान्‌जि
Truth, speak	—thraga	—थ्रागा
Trumpet (vb)	—gra-ga	—गरा-गा
Trunk	—mbo	—म्‌ब
—elephant	—pene	—पेने
Truss	—abu	—आबु
Truth	—ekobé manji/ —anji	—ओकबे' मान्‌जि/ आन्‌जि

Try	—ye ciga	—येचिंगा
Tuberculosis	—iyu ngga	—अियु झंगा
Tug	—to	—त
—of war	—arūmbya tomaga	—आरूम्बया तमागा
Tumble	—ibrutoga	—जिक्रूतगा
Tumbler	—ibrutoyiga	—जिक्रूतियिंगा
Turban	—ikuya wipacedo	—अकुया विपा चेद
Turn	—goyuga	—गयुगा
Turn over	—keprōyuga	—केप्रथयुगा
	—ekanoyuga	—अकानयुगा
Tushes	—chi, tayi	—छि, तायि
Tusk	—lā	—लां
Twelve	—holonyi	—हलजि
Twenty	—anyihū	—आजिहुं
Twice	—bīnyi	—बिजि
Twig	—haro	—हार
Twine	—japa abrugala a	—जापा आब्रुगाला आ
Twist (to bend)	—akendo yega	—आकेन्द घेगा
(to writhe)	—rikutulu	—रिकुतुलु
Two	—kanyi	—काजि
—hundred	—malō kanyi	—मालं काजि
Tying string for hair knot	—thōce	—थंचे

## “U”

Udder	—nuopū	—नुअपुं
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<b>Ugly</b>	—athingi —empakhi	—आथिंडि —अम्पाखि
<b>Ulcer</b>	—yagu	—यागु
<b>Umbrella</b>	—*igu chati	—िगु छाति
<b>Unbeliever</b>	—ahūdayimi	—आहुदायिमि
<b>Uncle</b>	—naba aliya —(paternal) —(maternal)	—नाबा आलिया — —
<b>Unconscious</b>	—nawu —simu —wusatoyimiba	—नावु —सिमु —वुसातयिमिबा
<b>Under</b>	—andonggo	—आनूदण्णग
<b>Understand</b>	—asaga —ahū-asaga	—आसागा —आहुं-आसागा
<b>Under-wear</b>	—kōkōma ecōweya	—कंकंमा अेचंवेया
<b>Undress</b>	—etowē relaga	—ऐतवैं रेलागा
<b>Unfertile</b>	—cirumi	—चिरुमि
<b>Unfriendly</b>	—aluda	—आलुदा
<b>Unite</b>	—atagaga	—आतागागा
<b>Unknown</b>	—asami (not acquainted)	—आसामि —
<b>(not seen)</b>	—athulami	—आथुलामि
<b>Unripe</b>	—tarya	—तारया
<b>Untie</b>	—kalaga	—कालागा
<b>(to unbind)</b>	—thradrāma	—थ्राद्रामा

Untie (to loose)	—agalaga	—आगालागा
Up	—ecalō	—अेचालं
	—et-to	—अेत्-त
Upstream	—awrōnu	—आवरंतु
	—alonu	—आलनु
Upto	—libapi	—लिबापि
	—liba	—लिबा
Upto date	— intali liba	—अिन्तालि लिबा
	—intali libapi	—अिन्तालि लिबापि
Urinate	—thepraga	—थेप्रागा
Urine	—the-ci	—थे-चि
Us	—inyi	—अिजि
Use	—jōnegā	—जंनेगा
Useful	—aruda	—आरुदा
Useless	—arudami	—आरुदामि
	—jōneyimi	—जंनैयिमि
Utensils	—tōgo-hala	—तंग-हाला

## “V”

Vaccinate	—beji thraga	—बेजि थ्रागा
Vainly	—ijima-khimi	—अिजिमा-खिमि
Valley	—mro	—म्र
Value	—amme	—आम्‌मे

Valuable	—ammenyi	—आम्मेजि
Vapour	—ti-hi	—ति-हि
Varnish(ing)	—rong cuga	—रङ् चुगा
Vat (boat shaped vessel made of wood)	—yu agū indu	—यु आगू इन्दु
Vegetable	—anapra	—आनाप्रा
Vein	—esā	—जेसा
Vendetta	—nata-maba etho-asyu	—नाता-माबा जेथ-आसूयु
Very	—tando	—तान्द
Vex	—i-ngithu ajiga	—जि-डिंथु आजिगा
Victory	—ane	—आने
Vigil over corpse	—ithū thrō	—जिथुं थरं
Village	—atyī	—आत्यि
—boundary	—atyikaci pahi	—आत्यिकाचि पाहि
—chief	—atyikaci heta	—आत्यिकाचि हेता
—council	—atyikaci kebange	—आत्यिकाचि केबांगे
—gate	—atyikaci ekalu/ laru	—आत्यिकाचि अकालु लारु
—guard	—atyī thrō	—आत्यि थरं
Villager	—atyikō iya	—आत्यिकं अिया
Virgin	—ici nga	—अिचि झा
Visible	—athutyi	—आथुत्यि
Vision	—elōta-a	—अलंता-आ

Visit	—cine athuga	—चिनै आथुगा
	—agutene athuga	—आगुतेने आथुगा
Vomit	—me	—मे
Vulture	—ameru	—आमेरु

“W”

Wade	—maci dega	—माचि देगा
Waist	—athukru	—आथुक्रु
Waist band	—kathu	—काथु
	—apẽ	—आपे
—of cane	—athukru haci lakapo	—आथुक्रु हाचि लाकाप
Wait	—lõga	—लंगा
Wake up	—jõga	—जंगा
Wall	—anje	—आन्जे
	—apri	—आप्रि
Want	—asiga	—आसिगा
	—wuga	—वुगा
War	—ando	—आन्द
Warm (adj)	—lõsusu	—लंसुसु
—(vb)	—tiga/lõga	—तिगा/लंगा
Warrior	—*copahi	—चपाहि
Wash	—anuga	—आनुगा
Wasp	—awẽyẽ	—आवेंये

<b>Waste</b>	—sitana yega	—सिताना येगा
	—ā-āndo yega	—आं-आंनूद येगा
<b>Watch</b>	—jōga	—जंगा
	—athuga	—आथुगा
	—bīga	—बिंगा
<b>Water (n)</b>	—maci	—माचि
—(vb)	—maci ū alisaga	—माचि ऊ आलिसागा
—jar	—ephroko	—ऐफ्रक
	—iciphru	—अिचिफ्रु
	—ikhita	—अिखिता
<b>Water gourd</b>	—ekālā	—ऐकालां
<b>Waterfall</b>	—andō	—आनूदं
<b>Water pipe</b>	—maci cekā	—माचि चेकां
—point	—maci ambiōmu	—माचि आम्बरमु
<b>Wave</b>	—maci ibū	—माचि इबुं
	—loyuga	—लयुगा
<b>Wax</b>	—atuki	—आतुकि
<b>We</b>	—inyi	—अिजि
<b>Wear</b>	—ecōga (male or female when put on dress on upper part of the body)	—ऐचंगा
	—thuthuga (female folk when put on dress on lower part of the body)	—थुथुगा

	—lalaga	—लालगा
	(male folk when put on dress on lower part of the body)	
Weary	—nekasiga	—नैकासिगा
Weaver	—atyaya	—आत्याया
	—atyayiga	—आत्याधिगा
Weaving	—tya-ryi	—ताया-र्यि
Web, duck's	—athropa esā	—आथ्रपा ऐसा
—spider	—iphisā	—इफिसा
Wed	—brihāga	—ब्रिहांगा
Wedge	—si anggota	—सि आड़गता
Weed	—arye	—आर्ये
Weeding	—alice	—आलिचे
Week	—ji iū	—जि अिझुं
—last	—ahā ji iū	—आहां जि अिझुं
—next	—ahiya ji iū	—आहिया जि अिझुं
Weep	—anjaga	—आनृजागा
Weighty (adj)	—hu	—हु
Well (adj)	—pra	—प्रा
—(n)	—maci akōka	—माचि आकंका
	—maci iwi	—माचि अिवि
West	—dātā	—दांता
Wet	—cīyā	—चिंया
—cultivation	—maci mra	—माचि म्रा
What	—isuweya	—अिसुवेया
Whatever	—isiyaji mabí	—अिसियाजि माबि

Wheel, potter's—	*ammeya yāne	—आम्रमेया याने साका
	saka	
—spinning	—natya tāgo saka	—नात्या तांग साका
When	—kajihō	—काजिहं
	—kajihōne	—काजिहंने
Where	—hanua	—हानुआ
	—kajiyama	—काजियामा
While	—hō	—हं
Whirlwind	—liwesewe ammeya	—लिवेसेवे आम्रमेया
Whisper	—baga	—बागा
Whistle	—ausē	—आउसें
White	—lo	—ल
White, of egg	—etocu lo	—ऐतेचु ल
Who	—isiya/isuya (sg.)	—अिसिया/अिसुया
	—isiyaji/isuyaji (pl)	—अिसियाजि/अिसुयाजि
Whoever	—isiyaji mabi/	—अिसियाजि माबि/
	isuyaji mabi	अिसुयाजि माबि
Whole	—tapume	—तापुमे
Whom	—isiya he/isuyaji	—अिसिया हे/अिसुयाजि हे
	he (sg)	
	—isiyaji he/isuyaji	—अिसियाजि हे/
	he (pl)	अिसुयाजि हे
Whose	—isiyaci/isuyaci (sg)	—अिसियाचि/अिसुयाचि
	isiyajici/isuyajici	—अिसियाजिचि/
	(pl)	अिसुयाजिचि
Why	—isiyane/isuweyane	—अिसियाने/अिसुवेयाने

Wicked	isiya buidane/ — —elyē imu	जिसिया बुजिदानै/ —ओल्यें अमु
Wide	isuweya buidane— —abranyi	जिसुवेया बुजिदाने —आव्राजि
Window	—abra kaci	आब्रा काचि
Widower	—asoka	आसका
Wife	—ya esōme meya— —ya/yaku	या ओसंमे मेया —या/याकु
Wild	—amba/ambapa	आम्बा/आम्बापा
Wily	—iputō	अिपुतं
Win	—anega	आनेगा

### “Y”

Yak	—akrū	—आकरूँ
Yarn	—nambrā	—नाम्बरां
Yawn	—angarōga	—आङ्गारंगा
Year	—inu	—इनु
—last	—eyanu	—ऐयानु
—next	—ahiya inu	—आहिया इनु
—this	—etanu	—ऐतानु
Yearly	—inumama	—अिनुमामा
Yeast	—pa	—पा
Yell	—graga	—ग्रागा
	—asewoga	—आसेवोगा
Yellow	—mi	—मि
Yes	—am	—आम
	—ampude	—आम्पुदे

	—amnehō	—आम्‌नेहं
Yesterday	—bunyi	—बुजि
—day before	—bunyi inyige-ma	—बुजि जिजिगे-मा
—night	—ebéya	—ऐबेर्या
	—buciya	—बुचिया
Yet	—ayakeya	—आयाकेया
	—alikeya	—आलिकेया
—not	—ayakeya nga	—आयाकेया डा
	—alikeya nga	—आलिकेया डा
Yield	—hāga	—हांगा
Yolk	—etocu mi	—अत्तु मि
You (pl)	—enne	—अनूने
—(sg)	—nyu	—जु
Young (n)	—tanggro	—ताङ्ग्र
—(man)	—me-ara	—मे-आरा
—(woman)	—mroyupu	—म्रयुपु
Your	—nyuci	—जुचि
Youth (f)	—mroyupu	—म्रयुपु
Youth (m)	—me-ara	—मे-आरा
Youthful	—cuphrombro	—चुफ्रम्‌ब्र

## “Z”

Zeal	—yemisi	—यैमिसि
Zig-zag	—akendoyuga	—आकेन्दयुगा
Zinc	—pru-lo si	—प्रु-ल सि